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Hongkong Daily Press.

ESTABLISHED 1857.

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No. 13,946 號陸拾肆百玖千叁萬第 日式初月壹十年捌十二緒光 HONGKONG, MONDAY, DECEMBER 1st, 1902. 壹拜禮 號壹月式十年貳百零九千壹萬第

TO DRINK AT
DANCES AND DINNERS.
CHAMPAGNE.
JULES MUMM & CO.
A CHOICE WINE FOR CONNOISSEURS.
A. S. WATSON & CO. LIMITED.
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ESTABLISHED 1841. [a1545]
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This World-renowned Fine Old Highland Whisky, Sole Shippers—CUTLER, PALMER & CO., is obtainable in Hongkong of their Agents, SIEMSEN & CO.
Hongkong, 1st January, 1901. [a147]
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"SPECIAL BLEND" WHISKY
Price \$11.50 PER DOZEN
Net
Blend of Selected Distillations of the Finest Scotch Whiskies
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TIME TABLE.
WEEK DAYS.
3.30 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
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10.30 a.m. to 12.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
2.15 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
3.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
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NIGHT CARS.
4.5 p.m. to 9.45 p.m., 4.45 to 11.15 p.m., very 1 hour.
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8.00 a.m. to 8.30 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
8.30 a.m. to 9.30 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
9.30 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
10.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
11.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
1.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
5.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
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Extra cars at 11.30 p.m. and 11.45 p.m.
SPECIAL CARS by arrangement at the Company's Office, 88 & 90, Queen's Road Central.
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Hongkong, 1st October, 1902. [a2612]

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Hongkong, 4th April, 1901. [a2594]

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Hongkong, 23rd October, 1902. [a2608]

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12 SHOT REPEATING CALIBRE 44.
Excellent arm for Travellers in the Interior of China as well as Officers of Coast Steamers.
ALSO CARTRIDGES IN STOCK
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WITH ALL REQUISITES.
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SUPERB OLD COGNAC, \$25 PER DOZ.
Distinguished by Four Stars on the label.
ANOTHER FINE COGNAC, \$18.50 per doz.
Less old than the above.
IMPERIAL BRANDY \$12.50 PER CASE.
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Very soft, palatable, and mature. EVERYBODY SHOULD TRY THESE ITEMS.
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A natural and most pleasant wine to the taste.
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THEY ARE UNEQUALLED AT THE PRICE.
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SALT GERMAN PICKLES (in small kegs).
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BONELESS CODFISH (in 2-lb. blocks).
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PAUL DOMMIER, REBOY, LANSON, PIPER-HEIDSECK, GIESLER, KRUG, BOLLINGER, LOUIS ROGEREE, POMMERY AND GRENQ.
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Hongkong, 14th November, 1902. [a146]

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Chief Superintendent THOMAS SKINNER.
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AND "CARBOLACENE."

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[a38]
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\$5.50 per Cask of 57½ lbs. net ex Factory.
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Hongkong, 7th June, 1902. [a1805]
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AN ENGLISHMAN, 30 years of age, five years' experience in the Export and Import trade of South China, seeks re-employment at the end of the year.
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Hongkong, 21st November, 1902. [3102]
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\$1,000 is wanted by a Business Man, on Good Security, for Six Months.
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P. T. B.,
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By a Young Man a position as "CLERK." Speaks five languages and is proficient in typewriting and quick at figures.
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G. W.,
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Hongkong, 24th November, 1902. [3137]
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A FURNISHED HOUSE till about the end of April next.
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Hongkong, 28th November, 1902. [3177]

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Three minutes' walk from the Steamer Wharves, and seven minutes' walk from the City of Victoria.
A First-class Hotel with thirty-five very comfortable and well-furnished Bed-rooms.
Board and Residence... From \$5 to \$7.00 a month... \$85 to \$110.00 for Married Couple, \$160.00.
Everything of the Best.
Dinner Parties by Special Arrangement.
Billiards (Thurston Match Table).
Most perfect culinary arrangements.
Food both in European and Eastern styles.
H. EUTTONJEE, Proprietor.
Hongkong, 25th November, 1901. [3159]
HING KEE HOTEL, MACAO.
(ESTABLISHED 1873)
THIS First-class and well-famed establishment is pleasantly situated in the centre of PRAYA GRANDE, facing south, with a charming view of the sea on the front. Comfortable and well-furnished Bed-rooms. Cuisine Excellent. Prompt Attendance. Terms very Moderate.
L. HING KEE, Proprietor.
Telegraphic address "HONGKONG."
HOTEL INTERNACIONAL.
THE CHEAPEST HOTEL in Macao. Beautifully situated in Praya Grande next to Government House.
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THE MANAGER.
Hongkong, 4th October, 1902. [2651]

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A First Class Hotel in every respect. Elegantly Furnished Reading, Drawing, and Smoking Rooms. Private Bar and Billiard Rooms for Hotel residents.
Dining Accommodation for 300 persons. Private Dining Rooms.
Special Dining Room for large parties. Ladies' Afternoon Tea Rooms with European Matron in attendance.
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Hot and Cold Water throughout.
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Bedroom Accommodation—131 rooms.
Fire Extinguishing Mains and Emergency Exits on every floor.
CHARGES MODERATE.
H. HAYNES, Manager. [a149]

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Admirably Situated. Sheltered from the North-East Monsoon and Open to the South-West Monsoon.
A COVERED GANGWAY LEADS FROM THE TRAMWAY TERMINUS INTO THE HOTEL.
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Town Office: 7, DUDDELL STREET. [a144a]
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A HIGH CLASS PRIVATE HOTEL.
Ladies' Afternoon Tea Rooms.
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Rooms specially reserved for Captains of the Mercantile Marine.
Hot and Cold Water throughout.
Electrically Lighted.
Electric Passenger Elevator to each floor.
Table D'Hôte at separate tables.
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MANAGER.
Hongkong, 24th October, 1902. [a2629]

HOTEL CRAIGIEBURN.
PLUNKET'S GAP, THE PEAK, near the Tram Terminus.
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Hongkong, 12th July, 1900. [a152]

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A FIRST CLASS HOTEL. Situated near the Banks and Principal Offices. Excellent Cuisine and Wines. Large and lofty Rooms. Elegantly Furnished. Hydraulic Elevator, hot and cold water throughout.
Special Rates for Tourists. Luncheon Service for Guests. For Terms, apply to the—
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Hongkong, 31st October, 1902. [a151]
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HAS been re-opened under European management and most strict supervision, as to food, cleanliness, and hygiene of the place. All comforts of a home. A most pleasant retreat for those desirous of a few days rest and quiet. Comfortable accommodation for travellers paying a visit to the historical and picturesque colony of Macao. Macao is 40 miles south-west of Hongkong. One steamer (s.s. Hongkong), daily to and from Hongkong, and two steamers to and from Canton, give easy communication with both these centres.
Cable Address—"BOA VISTA."
For Terms, apply to—
a1651 THE MANAGER.

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GOOD Accommodation.
Excellent Cuisine.
Every Convenience for Tourists.
T. F. D. CRUZ, Manager.
Canton, 1st October, 1901. [a1837]

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BIRTH.

On the 26th November, at the Mercantile Bank House, the wife of F. H. YATES, of a daughter. [3212]

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG OFFICE: 14, DES VŒUX ROAD, U. LONDON OFFICE: 131, FLEET STREET, E.C.

HONGKONG, 1st December 1902.

In the debate at last Thursday's meeting of the Legislative Council over the second reading of the Public Health and Buildings Bill, the two questions involved in that measure about which the most interesting and instructive discussion took place were those of compensation—the one thing, H.F. the Governor said, into which they had gone in the new Bill—and of the displacement of population by the operations of the Bill. It was recognised from the first, when Messrs. CHADWICK and SIMPSON drew up the measure for which the Bill before the Council on Thursday was substituted, that a great fight must take place over the compensation question. The two experts, in dealing with the resumption of insanitary properties, did not propose to offer compensation to owners for the erection of sanitary dwellings on land at present unoccupied, nor for the re-erection, on land already occupied, of dwellings of an improved type to those now in existence. The right of an owner, they held, to re-erect dwellings of an insanitary type, because his present dwellings are insanitary, should not be admitted. Otherwise, however, compensation was to be granted "in accordance with the Crown Lands Resumption Ordinance, which appears to follow closely the Imperial Housing of the Working Classes Act," to quote Messrs. CHADWICK and SIMPSON's own explanation. Last Thursday the Hon. Ho Kai, in his speech as Senior Unofficial Member of the Legislative Council, welcomed the new Bill, as brought forward by the Attorney-General, on behalf of his unofficial colleagues, and then went on to make some remarks which

as was shown later in the debate, were not endorsed by all those colleagues. The remarks were on "the grand principle of compensation," as Dr. Ho Kai phrased it. We should not like to designate the able gentleman's words as "clap-net," but we think that they came perilously near it when he said:—"We hear, of course, of 'sacrifices for the public good; well, such 'men as make these sacrifices are heroes. But you cannot expect every landlord in this Colony, and every Chinese land-owner, to be heroes. They invest their money in 'houses because they will bring in an 'income to them of so much percent. They 'come to this Colony, relying upon the 'justice and fairness of English law and 'the protection of the English flag, and 'invest their money, and they thought at 'the time they invested in these houses that 'they were built in accordance with the law 'existing at the time. If any landlord 'likes to sacrifice his land for such a public 'purpose, he must be called a philanthropist and a public benefactor, but he 'can scarcely be considered a business man." The Hon. G. W. F. PLAYFAIR's rejoinder to this was very effective, if blunt. The root of the matter, he pointed out, was the so much per cent. of which Dr. Ho Kai spoke. "That is why they [the landlords] 'buy slum property, because they get far 'more than from any ordinary investment; 'and should they be considered? They 'have put up the rentals at the least 100 'per cent. in the last ten years. Are you 'asking the ratepayers to go and save 'them? There are two sides to that; the 'ratepayers have also to be considered." H.E. the Governor, in his speech which concluded the debate, made no further allusion to the compensation question, beyond pointing out that it was the chief feature of the new Bill as opposed to the originally proposed measure; but the Attorney-General had previously endorsed the view that the owners of slum property which had got into an insanitary and dangerous state were entitled to no consideration or sympathy. The abolition of windowless cubicles in Hongkong, in accordance with this, must be carried out without compensation. In the mass of cases of Government resumption of land and of enforced alteration of buildings, etc., compensation will, by the provisions of the Bill, be fixed by the Board appointed for the purpose, consisting of one nominee of the Government and one of the owner, with the Puisne Judge as umpire in event of dispute. The interests of the ratepayers, therefore, will rest entirely in the hands of the Government's nominees, an arrangement which throws a tremendous responsibility upon the latter, and indirectly upon the Unofficial Members of the Legislative Council whose duty it is to see that the popular side is thoroughly presented to the Government's view. While, there are in the Council members of the stamp of Mr. PLAYFAIR we may feel assured that the voice of the ratepayers will not be entirely unheard. But a single member has an arduous task.

We have alluded above to the refusal of compensation for enforced abolition of windowless cubicles, which, as Dr. Ho Kai very justly said, are the greatest sanitary evil among the Chinese in this Colony. But the abolition of this evil must, as the members of the Legislative Council and all others who have studied the question recognise, be attended, with difficulties; though the total prohibition of such cubicles was advocated as early as 1898 by Messrs. WHITEHEAD and EDE, two of the members of the Commission appointed in 1896 by Sir WILLIAM ROBINSON to report on insanitary properties in Hongkong. The Colonial Secretary made an able, if not quite convincing, defence of the way in which insanitary buildings were allowed in the past to spring up, in accordance with the legislation of the date. Without accepting the "whitewashing" of the Government's character which the Hon. F. H. MAY attempted, we must admit his plea that it is very difficult to frame a law that nothing objectionable can possibly be built under it, and that owners of properties must accept some responsibilities if they have not followed the advice of their architects and built houses that were reasonably sanitary. Property-owners cannot absolve themselves from the charge of having been careless of the health of the tenants and having paid more attention to the "so much per cent." side rather than that of their reasonable duties as landlords. With considerable ingenuity they avail themselves how of the argument, which in itself is perfectly sound, that the operations of the new Ordinance will displace a large number of people. We do not say that the argument was not sincerely advanced by the speakers at the last Council meeting. But it cannot be made a reason for delaying legislation vital to the Colony's well-being. H.E. the Governor pointed out that the action of the Ordinance must be slow and could not approve of the Government "entering with

the public money into competition with those whose business it is to build and supply houses for the accommodation of the people." To those he thought it better to leave the solution of the difficulty. He omitted, however, to touch on the question of excessive rents. The cry for fresh house accommodation, which must follow the operation of the Bill, will not produce a lowering of rents. Landlords are not heroes, but business men, as Dr. Ho Kai said. Talk about tramways will not house the homeless, while if the displacement of the overcrowded residents in the slums is to await the slow expansion of Hongkong by means of tramways, etc., it looks as if we must resign ourselves to years more of abominable sanitation and epidemic. Shall we not be paying too dear for our whistle, to use the Hon. C. S. SHARP's expression? And after all the enjoyment of the whistle is the Government's or the landlords', certainly not the ratepayers'. The Senior Unofficial Member's concluding remarks on the 27th ultimo derive considerable point from this consideration, and should not have been set aside so lightly as they were on that occasion.

The Regatta regulations are published in the Gazette.

Plague regulations at Calcutta and in the Madras Presidency against Hongkong have been withdrawn.

The yacht races yesterday ended in victories for *Dione* in the first class and for *Mia* in the one-design class.

The prohibition to export arms, etc., is extended for a further period of six months, by a proclamation in the Gazette.

The name of Ludwig Braun has been added to the list of persons qualified to practise medicine and surgery in this Colony.

The Gazette notifies that the King's exequatur empowering M. Thomas Hamman to act as Consul for Belgium at Hongkong has received His Majesty's signature.

Thomas Consul-General for Portugal, Senhor Oscar Potier with his wife, has arrived at Shanghai. Senhor Potier has been for many years an official in the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, and was appointed Consul to Shanghai in recognition of his excellent services to the Government.

To-day, at 4.15 p.m., the H.K.F.C. "A" team will play the Officers of H.M.S. *Argonaut*. The following will play for the Club—Goal—Crack; backs—Hay and Worcester; half-backs—Bosworth, Hocking, and Bell; forwards—Austin, Libeaud, Bennett, Sayer, and Henderson.

The river steamer *Kwong Chow*, built by Messrs. W. S. Paley & Co. for the Canton trade, was to have been launched last night at half-past eight. Owing, it is supposed, to the high tide, the vessel stuck on the ways when about half afloat, and despite the efforts of several towing-launches had not been got afloat up till a late hour.

The *China Times* of the 19th ult. says:—"Acting upon instructions from Mr. Yang, the Chinese representative at Tientsin, the native workmen have ceased boring operations in connection with the mines, thus blocking the progress of mining work. The action is taken to mean that the Chinese party in the great struggle now beginning mean to demonstrate, even more effectively than by the hoisting of the dragon flag, that they are the masters of the situation."

Messrs. Erich Georg & Co. say in their weekly share list, dated Hongkong, 29th November:—"The weak feeling in our market has become more accentuated during the past week, and quotations for several stocks, principally Indo-Chinese and China Sagams have given way further, while Banks, Docks and Hongkong Hotels have ruled very strong. The northern markets are very weak and in the absence of buying orders from that quarter, no improvement can be looked for in the near future."

The Nobel prize of £3,000 for researches concerning malaria has been awarded to the Liverpool School of Tropical Medicine. The Liverpool School of Tropical Medicine as we recently reported, not long ago forwarded to the German Emperor a complete set of the publications on the subject of tropical diseases issued by the school. His Imperial Majesty, in acknowledgment, says the progress of the various expeditions of the Liverpool School is attracting much attention in the scientific and colonial world of Germany, and a rather similar school has now been established at Hamburg.

The *London & China Express* of the 31st October says:—"There are no more loyal subjects in His Majesty's world-wide Empire than the Chinese of Hongkong and the Straits Settlements, and none more ready to respond to any call on their sympathies or patriotism. To evidence that feeling the *Hongkong Daily Press* and the native paper, *Chung Ngai Sun Po*, issued from the same office, displayed outside their windows in Fleet Street on the occasion of the Royal Procession a Chinese scroll sent from one of the smallest, but by no means the least important, of the British Dominions beyond the seas. This decoration, which was brought to England by the Coronation contingent of the Hongkong Volunteer Corps, and was intended to be displayed last June, shows in green on a crimson field the Chinese characters *Tien Yu Wo Hwang*, meaning 'God Bless our King.' The same office also displayed Chinese Dragon and Hongkong Colonial Flags."

M. Knobel, recently Netherlands Minister at Peking, has been appointed Dutch Consul-General and Minister Resident at Teheran.

It has been ascertained that German merchants are smuggling ammunition and other articles of war into China, says a Tientsin telegram to Tokyo.

The Hon. W. T. Taylor, C.M.G., Colonial Secretary of the Straits Settlements, has been appointed Honorary Corresponding Secretary of the Royal Colonial Institute for Straits Settlements.

The Siamese royal yacht *Maha Chakriri* left on Saturday for Japan. H.M.S. *Albatross*, *Creary*, and *Blakenie* left yesterday for Singapore. The surveying-ship *Waterwitch* came in from Mira Bay on Saturday.

The death is announced by the last mail papers of Admiral Sir Edward Bridges Bosc, K.C.B. Admiral Bosc was a brother-in-law of Sir William Harcourt. The gallant Admiral, who was 83 years of age, entered the Navy in 1832, and served in the China war in 1842, commanding the flotilla of boats in advance of the British force. He was also employed in the Burmese war, and served in the Crimea.

The Belgian Government is considering the expediency of applying for its allotted share of 33,000,000 francs, due by the Chinese Government in connection with the recent disturbances, in cash, in preference to the method of payment by loan adopted by some of the Powers. The sum set aside to indemnify the Peking railway is 25,000,000 francs, and as this is a Franco-Belgian company, half the amount will be contributed by France.

H.M.S. *Torch*, surveying-ship, Commander Norman G. Maclester, lately visited Suvarow Island in the Western Pacific, and her commander posted up a proclamation intimating that the Admiralty reserved it as a coaling station. This island, which was annexed some years ago, lies midway between the Samoa Islands and the French Marquesa Islands. From its geographical position it forms an important link between Fiji and Esquimaux, British Columbia—the only coaling station on the Pacific station, although that station is the largest in area.

Mr. James M'Andrew, of Belmont, Mill Hill, and formerly of Hongkong, Chairman of the National Bank of New Zealand, and the Indo-China Steam Navigation Company, who died on the 6th July, aged 76 years, and whose estate has been valued at £132,033, gross, including personality of the net value of £118,722, bequeathed by his will of Aug. 22, 1863, £100 for distribution among charities in Elgin, and £500 to his brother General Isaac Forsyth M'Andrew, £500 each to his sisters Catherine and Anne, £400 each for annuities to his aunts Catherine Forsyth and Isabella M'Andrew, £100 each to his brother Joseph and his sister Isabella, £500 and one-fourth of his residuary estate to his wife, Mrs. Mary Watson M'Andrew, one-fourth of his residuary estate and certain specific bequests to his son Kenneth, and the remaining half of his residuary estate for his other children, and he desired that they should "be liberally educated, and be brought up accustomed to a life of labour and usefulness, and be trained in the Presbyterian faith and in the tenets of vital religion."

Home papers announce the death of Mr. Neil John Macleod, which took place at Putney on the 29th October, at the age of 64 years. Mr. Macleod was not well on leaving Manila in July, but it was hoped the voyage home, via Japan and Canada, would have improved his health. This unfortunately was not the case, and it was in a feeble state that Mr. Macleod reached home about seven weeks before his death. Mr. Macleod was one of the oldest of the foreign element in Manila. He went out in 1881 to the well known firm of Smith, Ball and Co., rising to the position of chief of that firm in Manila. In 1887 he started the firm of Macleod, Pickford and Co. (which subsequently became Macleod and Co.) in Manila, and Pickford & Co. in Cebu. He was the pioneer of steamer running between Manila and the lake district, on the River Pangasinan, and later practically founded the bases for the important coasting steamship traffic between all the inter-island ports of the archipelago. Mr. Macleod was always a very well-informed man on all matters connected with the Philippines, both politically and commercially.

Some years ago the fact that the volume of Japan's foreign trade was growing at a much more rapid rate than the volume of China's trade, attracted some attention; but even when the figures were observed, no one seemed disposed to imagine that Japan would soon overtake China in this matter. The overtaking has very nearly been accomplished, however. Last year, the total volume of China's exports and imports was 437,959,676 lbs., or 547,443,594 yens, approximately. During the same year the corresponding figure for Japan was 508,166,188 taels. The difference is insignificant. It is certainly a very striking fact that whereas Japan's record twenty years ago (1881) was only 624 million yens, it has now grown to 508 millions—an eight-fold increase. We may also note that whereas Japan's foreign trade now amounts to 1.1 yen per head of her population, China's is less than 14 yen. But there is a strong probability that if peace can be preserved and if the building of railways be continued in China, her foreign trade may make rapid strides during the next few years. It is an interesting fact, says the *Japan Mail*, that the comparatively large body of foreign merchants engaged in China's trade seem to find their account in a business representing only a slightly larger monetary total than that of a business on which a much smaller foreign community grows lean rather than fat in Japan.

There was a shock of earthquake at Foochow on the 21st ult., at a quarter past 5 o'clock, which lasted several seconds.

It is reported that two American experts will be engaged for the Imperial Chinese Mint now in course of erection at Tientsin.

The Taku Dock, which has been held by the Russians since the Boxer Disturbance, was handed over to the Chinese on the 16th ult.

L'Echo de Chine says that M. Delouche has written to M. M. Delouche recommending to his patriotic solicitude, thousands of Laotians, Cambodians, Annamites, and Chinese, French subjects or protégés, whom the convention of the 7th of October abundantly pitilessly to torture and slavery.

The Russian authorities have announced that special settlements may be formed in towns within the Amur region, for the convenience of Asiatics unacquainted with the principles of sanitation. The arrangement, according to the *Japan Daily Mail*, is supposed to refer solely to Chinese and Koreans, and to have been suggested by inconvenient experiences connected with permitting mixed residence to the Chinese in Vladivostok.

A telegram to Japan, dated Seoul, 18th November, says:—"The negotiations for a loan to Corea from Ginsburg & Co., agents of the Russo-Chinese Bank, will end in failure. As for the indemnity claimed by the Seoul Electric Railway Company (managed by Colman and Bostwick), negotiations have been settled. Dr. Ailes, U. S. Minister, had consequently to communicate with the Korean Government that the concession would be rescinded. The Foreign Department, Seoul, notified its objection thereto and informed the foreign Ministers to that effect."

It is a little surprising to find that the Committee appointed by the Spanish Government to consider the question of building a new Spanish fleet has reported in favour of the construction of twelve battleships, ten cruisers, and seventy-six smaller vessels at a total cost of not far short of twenty-four millions sterling. In the war with the United States the Spanish Navy suffered severely, and the new fleet in which Spain put such great and touching faith was more than half destroyed. The worst blow was the loss of the five new armored cruisers, which all took fire and were run ashore. At the present time Spain has scarcely more than eleven or twelve vessels of any fighting value, and whether she has any use for a Navy is doubtful.

A despatch dated Seoul, 16th November, says:—"M. Waeber has advised the Korean Government that he has been intrusted from home to stay in Corea until next spring, to take part in the ceremony in celebration of the fortieth anniversary of the Korean Emperor's accession to the throne. M. Waeber, who was received in audience by His Majesty the day before yesterday, laid the message before the Emperor. It is however reported that the Minister advised His Majesty to take measures to suppress the various rumours which are disturbing the peace of the nation and causing trouble to the Government. M. Waeber spoke very highly of Ye Yo-yok, whom he stated to be a clever official and trustworthy. M. Waeber was entertained to a dinner after the audience by His Majesty."

The *P. & T. Times* writes:—"We hear from Tongshan that a foreigner recently made so violent an assault on a coolie that the latter died four days later from the wounds. The family has gone to Lanhow to see the Chinese Magistrate with a view of taking the matter up. Our detailed knowledge of the facts at present precludes remark, but in the public interest we think these affairs should be looked into by the foreign management and, if a bad case is suspected, also by the Consuls. A sort of vendetta is not unknown to the Chinese, and the poorer classes are ignorant enough to take on foreign life for that of a Chinese without any discrimination as to justice. As we have said before, in China every foreigner is in a sense his brother's keeper."

The *Star Observer* of the 14th inst. writing after the *Kelantan-Phu Chom Kiao* disaster, says:—"People going from Bangkok to look at her [the *Kelantan*] can scarcely distinguish her from a good sound vessel riding at anchor, until they obtain a broadside view. The water has not penetrated to her No. 2 hold nor forward of this, and our latest news is that she retains practically the same position as when she first settled down astern. It appears that the bows of the *Phu Chom Kiao* penetrated the side and deck of the *Kelantan* to a depth of eight feet and the width of the hole is about six feet. How deep it is a question which can first be ascertained by divers, when they make the necessary inspection preliminary to raising the vessel. The cause of the *Kelantan* settling down so rapidly after she was struck is that water flooded her engine-room, put out the fire, and stopped the engines. The aft hold was also flooded. It is remarkable that the boilers did not burst. At high water, the poop deck is not bared, but the members of the crew are comfortable and safe in their quarters forward. The European officers are the only ones who have suffered inconvenience."

HOSPITAL SUNDAY.

The Hon. Treasurer of the Alice Memorial and Netherese Hospitals begs to acknowledge with thanks the following offerings to the funds of the Hospitals:—
Union Church ... £248.85
To Tsai Chapel (L.M.S. Chinese) ... 98.50
St. Peter's Church (half of offertory) ... 39.15
Wesleyan Church, Wanchai ... 29
Hakka Babel Mission (Chinese) Church ... 25
Deutsche Kirche und Schulgemeinde ... 21.50
Baptist Mission (Chinese) Church ... 21.10
Wesleyan Mission (Chinese) Church ... 11
Rhenish Mission (Chinese) Chapel ... 7

TELEGRAMS.

"DAILY PRESS" SERVICE.

FAR EASTERN AFFAIRS.

[FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

LONDON, 29th November, 10.30 a.m.

THE SIAMESE GOLD STANDARD.

M. Delouche, deputy for Cochinchina,

has written to the French Colonial Minister, characterising the establishment of a gold standard in Siam as an economic coup calculated to entail the gravest consequences to the finances of Indo-China, and particularly to the rice-market at Saigon. He demands the immediate nomination of a commission of enquiry to present a solution before the 1st January.

[We were the first to make this news public on Saturday, in our second Extra, when we stated that telegraphic cables had been received in the Colony that the Siamese Government had suddenly decided to adopt a gold currency.—ED. D.P.]

GENERAL VOYRON'S REPORT.

M. Coombes, the French Premier, begged the Budget Committee to abstain from reading General Voyron's report about the "Boxer" disturbances. The Committee by a majority of one vote decided to receive the report, but to maintain secrecy as to its contents.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

SHANGHAI, 30th November, 5 p.m.

SIR E. SATOW AT SHANGHAI.

Sir Ernest Satow arrived here yesterday from Nanking on H.M.S. *Eclipse* and leaves again to-morrow (Monday) on the P. & O. s.s. *Parramatta* on his way to England.

REUTERS' SERVICE.

LONDON, 27th Nov.-mbr.

BRITISH TAXATION.

St. Hon. C. T. Ritchie, M.P., speaking at Crofton, said that the Government hoped to do something in April next in relief of taxation.

RUSSIA'S FAR EASTERN SQUADRON.

Admiral Stokberg's squadron for the Far East, consisting of two battleships and four fast cruisers, which has been staying at Kiel, has now arrived at Portland, where a stay of ten days will be made.

BRITISH POSTAL AFFAIRS.

Mr. Anstey Chamberlain, speaking in the House of Commons, said that when the Eastern mail arrangements are revised, he will bear in mind the suggestion of the P. & O. Company that their steamers call at a port in British North Borneo, but in view of the small correspondence, and intricate navigation, it was hardly likely that the change would prove justifiable.

THE "TIMES" AND THE JAPANESE.

The *Times* in a sympathetic article on Japanese politics, especially in connection with their Naval Scheme and Land Tax, says that the Japanese are a proud and patriotic people. Marquis Ito will prosecute the policy of naval extension if accepted in power, and he hopes that a compromise between the supporters of the Naval Scheme and the opponents of the Land Tax will be possible.

VENEZUELA.

England and Germany have agreed upon joint action in order to collect claims against Venezuela. Three German warships, the *Amazon*, *Arcturion*, and *Nobis*, are fitting out with full war equipment at Kiel to go immediately to Venezuela. It is understood that the British Admiralty is taking proportionate measures.

THE SITUATION IN SOMALILAND.

Colonel Manning's flying column has relieved and reinforced Boctale. Thirty-five per centage of the garrison are ill with malarial fever.

LONDON, 28th November.

SOMALILAND.

The Indian Mounted Infantry contingent for Somaliland, which arrived at Aden yesterday, proceeded immediately for Berbera.

VENEZUELA.

The United States Government is fully informed on the subject of the Anglo-German action in regard to Venezuela.

LEPROSY.

Mr. Jonathan Huthwaite, M.D., who is about to proceed to India and Ceylon in connection with leprosy research, read a paper at a meeting under the auspices of the Prince of Wales's Leprosy Fund, expounding his theory that the disease is due to badly cured fish.

Sir Joseph Payor and others eulogised the paper, but dissented from the conclusions drawn.

LONDON, 28th November.

THE STRIKE AT MARSEILLES.

It is feared that a continuance of the strike at Marseilles will imperil the existence of the place as a port, and endanger the French fleet in the Mediterranean.

LORD KITCHENER AT BOMBAY.

General Lord Kitchener has arrived at Bombay, where he met with a most cordial reception. He goes on to Agra to-night.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN'S TOUR.

H.M.S. *Good Hope*, with Mr. Chamberlain on board, has passed Gibraltar.

THE JANET WALDORF CO. AT THE THEATRE.

Production of "MAGDA." Hermann Sudermann's *Magda*, which was presented at the Theatre Royal on Saturday evening, is the most exciting piece in some respects which the Waldorf Company have yet put on here. It is a powerfully written play, pregnant with passion and dramatic, living interest. In *Magda* Sudermann has taken as his motive the conflict between two natures—father's and daughter's—in which we see but one thing common to both, indomitable pride of will; otherwise they are as the positive and the negative. *Magda* chafes against the cage of her narrow German home with its atmosphere of "tobacco, lavender, and cough-mixture." The routine of the daily samizdromous life of the household warms her soul beyond endurance. Her high-strung, prideful nature rebels against the martinet authority of her parent and she leaves his roof, taking her life into her two hands to do with it what she may. Colonel Schwartz, an iron personality, closes his door and his heart upon the erring daughter, whose name thereafter is a forbidden word. Twelve years pass. *Magda* has gone out of their lives. Then one day to the town comes the great opera singer whose name and fame ring over Europe. She is no other than the lost daughter, come back to catch a glimpse of her old homestead. Her warm womanly nature is touched by all the associations and when at length the old Colonel yields to the fearful solicitations of his family that he should receive his daughter back to his heart, she eagerly embraces the chance thus offered to enter it but for a moment the familiar portals of her father's house. She comes into the sombre family circle like a queen in her brilliant radiance, and the father receives her with tremulous joy and pride. But now that she is there surely she must stay, says her father. *Magda* consents unwillingly to this return to the domination of her parent, but is touched by the pleadings of her sister and Pastor Heffertgandt. Not long is she settled in her home till there comes warning of impending tragedy. Among the friends of the household is one Von Keller, now high in the State service. He and *Magda* meet. It is not their first meeting. Their lives had already intercrossed in the outside world. In Von Keller, *Magda* sees the man who had betrayed and deserted her to her fate. In a stormy scene she denounces him, the father of her child, as a liar, a traitor, and a coward, and glories in the triumphant victory she had achieved alone and unaided over the cruel fate to which he had abandoned her. In her pride of heart *Magda* boasts—she has risen superior to her sins. But so much of the womanly instinct yet remains, that she steals off at the sound of her father's footsteps. Schwartz finds Von Keller all unstrung by the interview, questions him concerning his previous acquaintance with *Magda* and has suspicions aroused by Von Keller's evasive manner. The stern old Pastor proceeds to enquire from *Magda* the history of her past. "Has she been pure body and soul?" "I have been true to myself," says *Magda*. This interview is interrupted, but later, Schwartz pursues his unrelenting enquiry. She confesses her relationship with Von Keller and nearly breaks the old man's heart. He gets his pistols to seek out *Magda's* betrayer, but his pistol arm is unable almost to lift the weapon. Suddenly Von Keller arrives on the scene and offers the only repatriation in his power—he will marry *Magda*. The old man eagerly consented to leave the two together. Then comes the most powerful part in the plot. *Magda* refuses to marry Von Keller unless he acknowledges their child. To this he will not consent. With withering scorn and defiant contempt she spurns him for his treachery. She will remain true to herself. Her proud, indomitable will challenges earth and heaven. "I am what I am," she says in a climax of passion, "and I can be no other." When the old man learns of her refusal he looks himself in the room with his daughter, determined to make her consent to the marriage which her shame has in his eyes forced *Magda* to accept without condition. The conflict between these two natures comes to a tragic consummation. Schwartz threatens that neither will leave the room alive unless she consents, and *Magda* to save herself from the man she loathes confesses that Von Keller perhaps was not the only man with whom she had sinned. Schwartz in a paroxysm of outraged honor lifts the pistol to shoot her but is struck down dead with apoplexy ere his finger pulls the trigger. So ends a story full of passion and of tragedy.

With regard to the production on Saturday evening it was on the whole satisfactory. There were apparent some of the deficiencies of a first-night performance, but most of these were nothing more. The house was filled to the doors, and the audience gave unmistakable token of the appreciation with which they viewed the drama. Miss Waldorf, Mr.

Macgregor, and others were several times called before the curtain.

Miss Waldorf's appearance in the role of *Magda* was the most striking she has yet made in Hongkong. She looked the part to perfection and the manner was excellent in which she depicted the passionate, self-willed woman, with her high courage in her own self lighted up by wayward feminine tenderness. In her impassioned scenes with Von Keller she rose to a height of emotional acting which carried the house away. If one thing was unfortunate it was that Miss Waldorf was not in the best of voice; sometimes in rapidly spoken parts her words were inaudible. Mr. Norm Macgregor filled the role of Schwartz with his usual distinction. It is an excellent part and it was powerfully done. In the last scene with *Magda* his rendition was excellent. Of the others of the dramatic personnel Mr. St. Clair Baylis as Pastor was the outstanding character; his acting was refined, convincing and full of reserved power. Mr. Wills n Forbes was not so happy in the role of Von Keller as he has appeared in others here, but his never-failing consistency of acting was apparent. Mr. Ernest Macken as Max, Miss Mildred Yorke as the stepmother, and Mrs. Dow-Carriss as the aunt were all clever, and Miss Amy Stanley was charming as Marie. A special word of praise is due to Mr. Hal. Lindsay Campbell for his excellent direction of the orchestra.

By the way, it was unfortunate that one of the most dramatic incidents should be spoilt in the way it was: the finest tragedy in the world could not withstand the ludicrousness of the juxtaposition of such a well-known "gag." It must of course be avoided on future occasions. *Magda* will be repeated to-night and tomorrow.

RIFLE MATCH.

A rifle match between teams from H.M.S. *Ocean* and the Royal Engineers was fired off on 27th ult. The following are the scores of the best eight of each team:

H.M.S. "OCEAN"	Yds.	Yds.	Yds.	Tl.
C. Marshall, P.O.L.	33	34	29	96
J. Croker, Ch. Amr.	33	33	27	93
Mr. Wood	31	34	27	92
T. Hobbs, P.O.L.	29	32	29	90
Lieut. Craig	32	30	28	90
Mr. Jeffery	31	25	32	88
Bomb. Louillet	31	32	25	88
J. Cosens, Lg. Sa.	31	27	28	86

Average, 90.37

ROYAL ENGINEERS	Yds.	Yds.	Yds.	Tl.
Lieut. Binyay	31	34	31	96
L. Cor. Robertson	31	31	25	87
Sapper Palmer	28	29	28	85
Sapper McEwan	30	32	22	84
Sapper Blaher	28	35	24	90
Corpl. Angus	29	29	19	76
Sapper Watts	25	29	29	83
L. Cor. Bond	27	22	24	73

Average 82.12

HONGKONG'S ASSETS AND LIABILITIES.

The following statement of Hongkong's Assets and Liabilities on the 30th September, 1902, is published in the *Gazette* under the signature of the Hon. A. M. Thomson, Colonel Treasurer:

ASSETS.	\$	C.
Bank balance	1,000,000	00
Crown Agents' balance	115,000	00
Advances, &c.	63,750	13
Subsidiary coins	625,000	00
	1,803,750	13
LIABILITIES.	\$	C.
Deposits not available	413,038	81
Crown Agents' debts	115,000	00
Money order remittances	12,756	05
Balance overdrawing bank	59,693	23
Balance overdrawing Crown Agents	5,171	94
Balance	75,433	54
	665,990	13
Subsidiary coins in transit	8	00
Estimate of silver against	8	00
	8	00

THE CHENGCHOW MASSACRE.

The sum of £10,000 demanded by Sir Ernest Satow from the officials and gentry of that city for the murder of Messrs. Bruce and Lewis, according to a Changsha despatch, has been ordered by Governor Yu Lian-shan of Hunan to be paid by the following persons and in the following proportions:

Wu Chih-chun, ex-prefect of Chengchow	Tls. 25,000
Yen Wu-lin, ex-Major-General Commanding Yi Brigade	25,000
Wan Chao-hsin, ex-district Magistrate of Yauulashien	15,000
Ch'ui Hsi-nien, new district Magistrate of Yauulashien	3,000
Chung Keng-hang and Chao Yu-tien (jointly)	4,000
Hsiung Tse-shon, Feng Hsi-ching and Chung Yee-kwei (jointly)	6,000
Various other gentry of Chengchow city (collectively)	3,000
Total	Tls. 81,000

which sum approximately equals £10,000. This has been communicated to Sir E. Satow through the British Consul at Hankow, and H.E. is content to await before being put in operation. The following despatch also comes from Changsha, capital of Hunan province:—In accordance with the demand of the British Minister at Peking, Jui, the First Captain of the Chengchow garrison, who closed his yards gates in the face of the late Mr. Lewis when that unfortunate man was being pursued to the death by the Chengchow mob, was deported in Changsha on the 13th instant, on the public extension ground, in the presence of the British Vice-Consul, who had arrived there the day before from Hankow, and a number of civil and military mandarins deputed to be present by the Governor. There was also a large concourse of people who viewed the execution in a quiet and orderly manner. —N.C. Daily News.

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CRICKET.

H.K.C.C. V. THE GARRISON.

This match was played on the Club ground on Saturday, and, after an interesting game, resulted in a draw, very much in favour of the Club. The usual hour was wasted at the start, thanks to the late arrival of many of the players, otherwise the game would certainly have been brought to a definite conclusion. It seems utterly hopeless to expect punctuality of some people, but it is certainly time that the Committee took some steps to remedy the evil, as matters seem to be getting worse every week. In this instance it was the soldiers who were chiefly to blame—most of the Club team being on the ground in fairly good time—and even when a start was eventually made, less than five substitutes had to be found to take the places of the laggards. At least three of the best matches this season have been drawn through this cause, and cricket will certainly lose much of its popularity if this sort of thing is allowed to continue. With his usual luck, Ward was the toss and sent in Maitland and Garde to face the bowling of Ernest and Clark. When he had made 18 out of 22, Maitland, who appeared to be getting well set, was badly run out by Garde. Moore, who followed, soon settled down to play good cricket and Garde seemed determined to atone for his mistake and looked like making a score. With the total at 53, however, he was bowled, having made his 50 in excellent style. Albany took his place, and he and Moore stayed in until the fifth ball rang, when the total was 69. Up to this time the bowling had been good and the scoring was consequently slower than usual. After this, however, the batsmen had matters pretty much their own way and scored very freely. Moore especially hit very hard, and though he gave one or two difficult chances, his innings was an excellent one in every way. Albany played a sound, careful innings, severely punishing the loose balls but running no risk with the good ones; so far as could be seen he gave no chance at all. With the score at 22 and his own total within 4 of the coveted century, Moore was out to a brilliant catch by Simmons. Smith bowled a full pitch to leg which Moore appeared to get well hold of; the ball, however, went straight and hard to Simmons at short leg, who brought off quite a remarkable catch. With only an hour and forty-five minutes left for play, Ward promptly declared the innings closed, the score being 212 for three wickets. The bowling of the Garrison was good on the whole and Simmons and Heath were especially noticeable. The bowling was good at first but the splendid stand made by Moore and Albany had decidedly demoralising effect upon it and, of course, no one had much of an analysis. The Garrison commenced batting at 3.25 with Smith and Kington, and Mackenzie and Lambie started the bowling. Smith hit a 6 and a 4 and was then out l.b.w. to Lambie. Kington played well, but after nearly running out Heath on two occasions, eventually succeeded in doing so, thanks to an excellent piece of fielding on the part of Turner, who threw the wicket down from cover point. When he had made 21, Kington was caught by Ward at the second attempt, the fieldsmen failing in the effort. Fawcett, who had been batting excellently, was now joined by Radcliffe and between them they added 73 runs to the score. Fawcett hit hard and well, his drives being especially good and his 44 contained two 6's and six 4's. He was eventually smothered at the wicket with the total at 111. Radcliffe continued to play careful cricket and refused to be got out, though at one time he gave an easy chance of stumping to that usually safe "keeper," Garde. His 34 was a sound, steady innings, invaluable to his side as it practically saved them from defeat. None of the other batsmen greatly distinguished themselves, though Boyd kept up his wicket at a critical stage of the game. With the total at 137 for 8 wickets, the ball rang and the match, as stated above, thus ended in a draw, greatly in favour of the Club. It was a treat to see such an improvement on the last two or three matches in the fielding of the Club, and where all were good players Turner and Moore were the pick. The bowling was fair but none came out with much of an average, though Radcliffe at the end took 2 wickets for 6 runs. Toulmin bowled very steadily and well but did not have the best of luck. Altogether the match was a very interesting one and from a cricket point of view quite the best that has been played the season, the only unsatisfactory feature of it being the aforementioned late start. The following are the scores and analyses:

H.K.C.C.	M.	R.	W.
MacKenzie	0	3	25
Lambie	8	2	37
Toulmin	8	3	24
Maitland	4	1	16
Albany	7	2	16
Powell	4	1	6

The match for next Saturday is "Lounge v. Shorts" and the standard of light will probably be fixed at 5 ft. 10 in.

CHAIKONGWATER C.C. V. H.M.S. "TAMAR."

The return match between the above was played at Happy Valley on Saturday and ended in favour of Chai Kongwater by 56 runs.

Appendix are the scores and analyses:—

H.M.S. "TAMAR."

H.M.S. "TAMAR."	M.	R.	W.
-----------------	----	----	----

Lt. Stansbury, b. T. Ward	1	1	1
Mr. Buggie, c. R. C. Ward, b. Pottolli	1	1	1
Mr. E. Campbell, b. Pottolli	1	1	1
Mr. S. A. Joyce, c. Stansbury, b. Brown	1	1	1
Mr. C. A. Pottolli, b. Brown	1	1	1
Dr. W. L. Martin, b. Pottolli	1	1	1
Rev. E. H. Good, c. Lammer, b. Pottolli	1	1	1
Lt. Stansbury, c. Stansbury, b. Brown	1	1	1
Mr. Street, c. Horton, b. Brown	1	1	1
Mr. Pope, c. Stansbury, b. Brown	1	1	1
Extra, c. Joyce, not out	1	1	1
Extras	1	1	1
Total	1	1	1

CHAIKONGWATER CRICKET CLUB.

CHAIKONGWATER CRICKET CLUB.	M.	R.	W.
-----------------------------	----	----	----

Mr. J. P. Jordan, c. Pottolli, b. Brown	1	1	1
Mr. A. Joyce, c. Stansbury, b. Brown	1	1	1
A. O. Brown, b. T. Ward	1	1	1
L. E. Lammer, run out	1	1	1
R. Pottolli, b. T. Ward	1	1	1
A. Joyce, not out	1	1	1
J. L. Stansbury, c. Stansbury, b. Brown	1	1	1
K. R. Horton, c. Stansbury, b. Brown	1	1	1
R. Pottolli, b. Brown	1	1	1
H. C. Ward, c. Stansbury, b. Brown	1	1	1
J. W. Ward, b. Brown	1	1	1
Extras	1	1	1
Total	1	1	1

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

H.M.S. "TAMAR."	M.	R.	W.
-----------------	----	----	----

Drawn	23	1	10
Pottolli	1	1	1

CHAIKONGWATER CRICKET CLUB.

CHAIKONGWATER CRICKET CLUB.	M.	R.	W.
-----------------------------	----	----	----

Good	105	2	24
Cook	1	1	1
Cook	1	1	1
Parker	2	1	16

TELEGRAPH RATES TO HONGKONG.

In the House of Commons on the 28th October, Sir Edward Sassoon asked the Postmaster-General whether he was aware that cable rates from Hongkong to England, via the Great Northern line, are practically double those charged from Hongkong to Russia, and whether he would remonstrate with the company, which enjoys a monopoly of landing rights on the British territory, with the view of bringing about an abrogation of this discrimination between British and Russian merchants and bankers.

Mr. Austen Chamberlain: I am aware of the difference in charge to which my hon. friend calls attention. It is in accordance with a well-established principle of the Telegraph Office, that adjoining countries like Russia and China, or China and British India, may make arrangements between themselves for lower rates than those which are generally applicable; and Hongkong, as forming, geographically, part of China, has been brought within the terms of the special agreements regulating telegraphic rates between China and Russia on the one hand, and China and British India on the other. These and other charges have been under the consideration of the Telegraph Office, and I hope that it may be possible to reduce the rate between this country and Hongkong. I ought to add that the Great Northern Company does not possess a monopoly of landing rights in any British territory.

On the 31st October Sir E. Sassoon asked the Postmaster-General whether he could instruct the Government of Hongkong to make it publicly known that landing rights for telegraphic cables in Hongkong and its dependencies, under reasonable conditions, for purposes of laying cables.

Mr. Austen Chamberlain: The instruction suggested by the hon. member cannot be given to the Governor of Hongkong, in view of the terms of an agreement, made in 1893 with the Eastern Extension Telegraph Company. The full text of the agreement, which gives a preferential right to the company, was given by me in answer to a question in the House on May 1, 1899, to which I would refer the hon. member.

THE "TERRIBLES" AT THE ROYAL PROCESSION.

The visit of the crew of the *Terrible* to London to witness the Royal procession on the 25th October was quite successful, and everywhere the men were received enthusiastically. In order that they might see the procession the proper authorities of the Admiralty offered to entertain them for the day. The invitation was readily accepted, and the men, numbered 639, left Portsmouth early on the 25th by special train. Arriving at Waterloo about 8.30 they were formed into order and marched to the seats allotted to them in stands in Trafalgar Square. After witnessing the procession, headed by the Upper Norwood Temperance Band, who gave their services, they made their way through the cheering crowds to the Hall where the dinner was held in the King's Hall, which was decorated with national flags. The chair was taken by the editor of the *Daily Express*, who was supported, among others, by Captain Percy Scott and Mr. Arnold White. The men were entertained to a substantial meal of soup, roast beef, mutton, and meat pie, accompanied with bumpers of shandygaff. At the close of the dinner the chairman proposed "The King" and the bumpers to the men cheered as the know how to do. The chairman then proposed "The Crew of the *Terrible*" and offered to the men the heartiest welcome. He said the men had that day received a great compliment from the Admiralty, for they had been allowed to come to London for a day's holiday without the presence of a single commissioned officer. Captain Percy Scott, replying to the toast, said he hoped that in the future they would live up to the great reputation they had gained, and return sound and well to their ships at the expiration of their leave. At the call of one of the petty officers the men gave three cheers for Captain Scott. Twenty other toasts were that of "The Visitors," to which Mr. Arnold White replied; in doing so he said that the men's sense of duty and obedience to discipline were characteristics that should be emulated by all. "The rest of the afternoon was given up to a musical entertainment to which many leading artists of the variety hall contributed, by members of the managers of the Tivoli, Alhambra, Pavilion, Empire, Oxford, and Royal Music-halls. The programme was thoroughly appreciated by the men. Shortly after five o'clock the proceedings ended, and the men, preceded by the band, marched to Waterloo Station. Soon after six o'clock they left by special train for Portsmouth.

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

H.K.C.C.	M.	R.	W.
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Fawcett	17	2	7
Clark	23	3	1
Radcliffe	11	3	1
Horton	5	1	1
Heath	4	1	1
Smith	2	1	1

Total (nine wickets) 437

Major Le Breton Simmons, R.E., did not bat.

THE GARRISON.

THE GARRISON.	M.	R.	W.
---------------	----	----	----

Lt. Stansbury, b. T. Ward	1	1	1
Mr. Buggie, c. R. C. Ward, b. Pottolli	1	1	1
Mr. E. Campbell, b. Pottolli	1	1	1
Mr. S. A. Joyce, c. Stansbury, b. Brown	1	1	1
Mr. C. A. Pottolli, b. Brown	1	1	1
Dr. W. L. Martin, b. Pottolli	1	1	1
Rev. E. H. Good, c. Lammer, b. Pottolli	1	1	1
Lt. Stansbury, c. Stansbury, b. Brown	1	1	1
Mr. Street, c. Horton, b. Brown	1	1	1
Mr. Pope, c. Stansbury, b. Brown	1	1	1
Extra, c. Joyce, not out	1	1	1
Extras	1	1	1
Total	1	1	1

CHAIKONGWATER CRICKET CLUB.

CHAIKONGWATER CRICKET CLUB.	M.	R.	W.
-----------------------------	----	----	----

Mr. J. P. Jordan, c. Pottolli, b. Brown	1	1	1
Mr. A. Joyce, c. Stansbury, b. Brown	1	1	1
A. O. Brown, b. T. Ward	1	1	1
L. E. Lammer, run out	1	1	1
R. Pottolli, b. T. Ward	1	1	1
A. Joyce, not out	1	1	1
J. L. Stansbury, c. Stansbury, b. Brown	1	1	1
K. R. Horton, c. Stansbury, b. Brown	1	1	1
R. Pottolli, b. Brown	1	1	1
H. C. Ward, c. Stansbury, b. Brown	1	1	1
J. W. Ward, b. Brown	1	1	1
Extras	1	1	1
Total	1	1	1

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

H.M.S. "TAMAR."	M.	R.	W.
-----------------	----	----	----

Drawn	23	1	10
Pottolli	1	1	1

CHAIKONGWATER CRICKET CLUB.

CHAIKONGWATER CRICKET CLUB.	M.	R.	W.
-----------------------------	----	----	----

Good	105	2	24
Cook	1	1	1
Cook	1	1	1
Parker	2	1	16

TELEGRAPH RATES TO HONGKONG.

In the House of Commons on the 28th October, Sir Edward Sassoon asked the Postmaster-General whether he was aware that cable rates from Hongkong to England, via the Great Northern line, are practically double those charged from Hongkong to Russia, and whether he would remonstrate with the company, which enjoys a monopoly of landing rights on the British territory, with the view of bringing about an abrogation of this discrimination between British and Russian merchants and bankers.

Mr. Austen Chamberlain: I am aware of the difference in charge to which my hon. friend calls attention. It is in accordance with a well-established principle of the Telegraph Office, that adjoining countries like Russia and China, or China and British India, may make arrangements between

NOTICE

Communications respecting Advertisements, Subscriptions, Printing, Binding, etc., should be addressed to the Daily Press only, and special business matters to the Manager.

Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until countermand.

Orders for extra copies of DAILY PRESS should be sent before 11 a.m. on day of publication. After that hour the supply is limited. Only supplied for Cash.

Telephone Address: Press. Codes: A.D.C., 5th Ed. Lieber's.

P.O. Box 33, Telephone No. 12.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

NOTICE

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

I HAVE This Day handed over the Management of the Hongkong Branch of the GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK to Mr. E. F. GROS, N. & EVANS, Acting Manager.

Hongkong, 1st December, 1902. [3202]

NOTICE

I HAVE This Day TAKEN CHARGE of the Hongkong Branch of the GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

E. F. GROS, Acting Manager.

Hongkong, 1st December, 1902. [3203]

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

THE PRINTING AND PUBLISHING OFFICES of the Hongkong Branch of the GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK have been REMOVED to the New Building at the Corner of BOTTENBURY STREET and DES VEXES ROAD.

NORONHA & CO.

Hongkong, 29th November, 1902. [3206]

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

WE have This Day REMOVED our OFFICES to the New Building at the Corner of BOTTENBURY STREET and DES VEXES ROAD CENTRAL, at 10th FLOOR.

OSANA SHOSHIN KAISHA.

Hongkong, 1st December, 1902. [3207]

HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED.

WITH a view to avoid the frequent revision of prices necessitated by the continued fall in exchange the Hotel Company's charges will, from the 1st January, 1903, be quoted in sterling.

Dollars will be accepted at the demand rate of exchange of the day on which payment becomes due.

H. HAYNES, Manager.

Hongkong Hotel.

Hongkong, 1st December, 1902. [3208]

XMAS SPECIALITIES.

H. RUTONJEE has just received and is showing the following:—

CADBURY'S ASSORTED CREAMS, MACARONS, MONTELMAR, COLLARD & BOWSER'S ASSORTED TOFFEE, BUTTERSCOTCH, ALMOND ROCK, NOUGAT.

Also FRENCH SWEETS, viz. ALMOND FLAITS, ROSE HURNT ALMONDS, MARZLAN ALMONDS, RASPBERRY DROPS.

10 per cent. Discount on Cash.

H. RUTONJEE, 5, D'Aguiar Street, Hongkong, and 39, Elgin Road, Kowloon.

Hongkong, 1st December, 1902. [3209]

"MOGUL" LINE OF STEAMERS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

SS. "MACQUEP" FROM GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL AND STRAITS.

With six HINDUSTAN'S Cargo from New York transhipped at Singapore.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, at Kowloon, whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before NOON To-day, 29th inst.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 31st December will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Undersigned on or before the 31st December, or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chipped, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 1st December, at 3 P.M.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by DODWELL & CO., LIMITED, Agents.

Hongkong, 26th November, 1902. [3198]

THE HONGKONG WEEKLY PRESS is now ready and contains:—

Leading Articles:—

Imperial Defence.

Sir Ernest Satow's Visit to England.

The Currency Trouble.

Nanking's Trade, 1899-1901.

The Trade of Swatow, Amoy and Foochow in 1901.

The Water Question.

Hongkong Legislative Council.

Hongkong Sanitary Board.

Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce.

S. Andrew's Hall.

Our Water Supply.

Opening of the Hand Exposition.

Salvage of the s.s. *Phu Yang*.

Enquiry into Collapse of Houses.

Theatre Royal.

Hongkong Nursing Association.

An Episode of Tonkin.

Obsequies of Lin Kung-yi.

Gochoo.

Vladivostok.

Hongkong Steam Water-boat Co., Ltd.

China Traders' Insurance Co., Ltd.

Dairy Farm Co., Ltd.

Panjin Mining Co., Ltd.

Supreme Court.

Sporting Notes.

Cricket.

Football.

Hongkong and Port News.

Subscription, \$12 per Annum, payable in advance; postage, \$2.

Extra copies 30 cents each, Cash.

Copies can be posted from the Office to addresses sent; including postage 34 cents each, or \$1 for three copies, Cash.

Hongkong, 1st December, 1902.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

THEATRE ROYAL.

Lessee and Manager... Mr. W. REULE.

Representative... Mr. ARTHUR SHYMOUR.

EVERY EVENING.

THE JANET WALDORF COMPANY.

At the zenith of popularity.

A densely crowded audience on Saturday evening greeted the production of **MAGDA! MAGDA!**

Each act concluded amid storms of applause, when the delighted and once kept the principal performers bowing their acknowledgments of repeated recalls; and the abundance of floral tributes converted the scene into a veritable conservatory.

SUCCESS GREATER THAN EVER.

The most sanguine expectations were exceeded by the truly remarkable hit made by the sovereign interpretation of the heroine, **MAGDA!**

MISS JANET WALDORF and Mr. NORVAL MCGREGOR as Schwartz or kept spontaneous ovations for his clever portrayal of this great character.

MAGDA! Can only be repeated THIS and TO-MORROW EVENING.

WEDNESDAY EVENING. Shakespeare's Lovable Comedy **TWELFTH NIGHT.**

Box Plan for this piece opens TUESDAY. (Tariff \$1.2 and 1.1. H-see \$12)

Doors open at 8.30. Performance at 9. SPECIAL TRAM & FERRY SERVICES. Hongkong, 1st December, 1902. [3211]

NOTICE. TAIKOO SPORTS.

THE CYCLING TRACK is now open for racing. R. H. STERHNSON, Hon. Secretary.

Hongkong, 1st December, 1902. [3204]

HONGKONG AND CHINA GAS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE. THE Company desires to warn its customers against admitting any gasfitter into their premises unless he produces a CERTIFICATE of service under the Company.

Hongkong, 29th November, 1902. [3205]

TO LET. A HOUSE at the PEAK. Partly furnished, from 1st January until 30th June, 1903.

Apply—28, BONHAM ROAD, West Point.

Hongkong, 1st December, 1902. [3200]

NOTICE. A LADY wishes to meet with One or Two Children to take morning Lessons with her Child age 7 years.

English and German taught by a certified German governess.

For Terms, apply to—H. CARE of Daily Press Office.

Hongkong, 1st December, 1902. [3201]

OWNERS of HOUSES situated in the Western Division of the City of Victoria, who have not had their premises LIME-WASHED and CLEANSED in accordance with Law are reminded that the period during which this work should be finished ends on the 31st day of December, 1902, and the Sanitary Board being convinced of the necessity of cleanliness in its efforts to STAMP OUT PLAGUE is determined to RIGOROUSLY PROSECUTE any Owner in default after the above named date.

By Order of the Board, G. A. WOODCOCK, Secretary.

Sanitary Board Office, 25th November, 1902.

Note:—The Western Division of the City lies to the West of Morrison and East Streets.

ZETLAND LODGE, No. 525, E.C.

A REGULAR MEETING of ZETLAND LODGE will be held at the FREE-MASONS HALL, Zeland Street, TO-DAY (MONDAY), the 1st DECEMBER, at 8.30 for 9 P.M. precisely. Visiting Brethren are cordially invited to attend.

Hongkong, 26th November, 1902. [3150]

NOTICE. OCCUPIERS of DOMESTIC BUILDINGS are hereby requested to co-operate with the Board in its efforts to combat PLAGUE by thoroughly cleaning their Dwellings and Servants' Quarters between the 15th November and 15th December next.

After the 15th December, the Board proposes to strictly enforce the provisions of the By-laws governing "Domestic Cleanliness and Ventilation," and the Board will, if on inspection it be found necessary, direct its officers to cleanse and disinfect premises under the provisions of the By-laws for the "Prevention of Mitigation of Epidemic, Endemic or Contagious Disease."

By Order of the Board, G. A. WOODCOCK, Secretary.

Sanitary Board Office, Hongkong, 31st November, 1902. [3159]

NOVELTY! CHARMING XMAS AND NEW YEAR POST CARDS.

FOR SALE at GRACA & CO.'S Foreign and Colonial Postage Stamps Depot at HONGKONG HOTEL CORRIDOR.

INSPECTION INVITED. Hongkong, 21st November, 1902. [2784]

AUCTIONS

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to Sell by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 3rd DECEMBER, 1902, at 2.30 P.M., at his SALES ROOMS, Queen's Road, A CHOICE COLLECTION OF VALUABLE JAPANESE CURIOS, comprising:—

OLD SATSUMA, MAKUZI, KANGA, CLOISONNE, OLD AND NEW BRONZES, FIRE SCREENS and EMBROIDERED SCREENS, &c., &c.

Catalogues will be issued.

TERMS:—Cash as usual.

V. I. REMEDIOS, Auctioneer.

Hongkong, 27th November, 1902. [3170]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to Sell by Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the 6th DECEMBER, 1902, commencing at 3.30 P.M., at his SALES ROOMS, Duddell Street, A FINE COLLECTION OF JAPANESE CURIOS AND EMBROIDERIES, comprising:—

CLOISONNE, SATSUMA, NAGOYA, OMURA VASES, IVORY and WOOD CARVINGS, OLD AND NEW BRONZES, IVORY INLAID PANELS, EMBROIDERED TABLE BED and PILLOW COVERS, ALBUMS, &c., &c.

An Exceptionally Fine Lot of EMBROIDERED SCREENS.

TERMS:—Cash on delivery.

On View from Friday, the 5th December. Catalogues will be issued.

GEO. F. LAMMERT, Auctioneer.

Hongkong, 29th November, 1902. [3194]

PUBLIC COMPANIES. HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS. AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of the Company will be held in the CITY HALL, Queen's Road, Hongkong, at 11 o'clock a.m. on MONDAY, the 8th DECEMBER, 1902, for the purpose of discussing and, if thought fit, of approving the Directors' proposals for construction of a New Dock as contained in the Circular to Shareholders dated the 22nd September, 1902.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. inclusive on the 8th December.

By Order of the Board, GEO. CALDWELL, Acting Secretary.

Hongkong, 25th November, 1902. [3154]

THE DAIRY FARM COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS. THE SIXTH ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company will be held at the COMPANY'S TOWN DEPOT, 2 Lower Albert Road, Hongkong, on MONDAY, the 8th day of DECEMBER, 1902, at 3 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of presenting the Report of the Directors and Statement of Accounts to the 31st July, 1902.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 25th November to the 8th December, 1902, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors, S. A. SETH, Secretary.

Hongkong, 19th November, 1902. [3088]

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS. AN INTERIM DIVIDEND on account of the year 1902 at the rate of Fifty cents per Share (or Five per cent. on the Capital of the Company) will be payable at the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, Hongkong, on and after SATURDAY, the 29th instant, on Warrants to be obtained from the undersigned. Local Shareholders are requested to apply to the Company's Office for their Warrants.

The Dividend will also be Payable at the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, Shanghai, on presentation of Warrants there, on and after the same date.

The REGISTER of SHARES will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 24th instant until TUESDAY, the 2nd proximo, both days inclusive, during which period no Transfer of Shares will be registered.

By Order, A. H. MANOELL, Secretary.

Hongkong, 17th November, 1902. [3068]

TO LET. THE Commodious CORNER HOUSE, No. 1, HOLLYWOOD ROAD.

Nos. 9, 13, 18, 19, and 20, BELLIOS TERRACE.

Also A FURNISHED BUNGALOW at Peak.

For Terms and Particulars, apply to—TURNER & CO.

Hongkong, 29th November, 1902. [3192]

TO LET. FURNISHED ROOM, Two Minutes from Clock Tower.

Apply—"REX," Care of Daily Press Office.

Hongkong, 26th November, 1902. [3145]

TO LET. NO. 1, LADDER STREET TERRACE, and Nos. 3, 4, 5 and 6, RICHMOND TERRACE.

Apply to—C. F. WARREN & CO., 30, Des Vexes Road Central.

Hongkong, 27th November, 1902. [3165]

TO LET. SPACIOUS NEW HOUSES and FLATS, Connaught Road, Des Vexes Road and Pottinger Street, Close to Blake Pier. Specially suitable for Offices, Stores, &c. Rents very moderate.

Apply to—S. A. SETH, Dairy Farm Co., or KWONG SUN TAI, 34, Wing Lok Street.

Hongkong, 27th November, 1902. [3166]

TO LET

TO LET.

"THE RETREAT," MOUNT KELLET. HOUSES at CAUSEWAY BAY, facing the Polo Ground.

No. 1, RIFON TERRACE, GODOWNS at BOWRINGTON (PRATA EAST).

Apply to—THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LD. Hongkong, 1st December, 1902. [71]

TO LET.

NO. 4, KNUITSFORD TERRACE, Kowloon.

Apply to—THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LD. Hongkong, 22nd November, 1902. [3119]

TO LET.

"WESTLEY," UPPER RICHMOND ROAD.

Apply to—LAU CHU PAK, Care of A. S. WATSON & CO., LD. Hongkong, 19th October, 1902. [2764]

TO LET AT THE PEAK.

POSSESSION 1st JANUARY. "DUNFORD," A FIVE-ROOMED BUNGALOW.

Apply to—C. W. RICHARDS, Hongkong, 25th November, 1902. [3182]

TO LET.

NO. 3, "MAGDALEN TERRACE," MAGAZINE GAP.

Apply to—SPANISH PROCURATION, Hongkong, 1st April, 1902. [877]

TO LET.

SEVERAL WELL-FURNISHED LARGE ROOMS. May be used as Offices.

Apply to—THE COSMOPOLITAN HOUSE, No. 34, Queen's Road.

Hongkong, 18th November, 1902. [3017]

TO LET.

OFFICES at 6, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

Apply to—G. GIRAULT, Hongkong, 3rd January, 1902. [128]

TO LET.

TWO UNFURNISHED ROOMS and BATHROOM en suite to lot 10 minutes up from Queen's Road. Board and Service can be arranged. Bachelor preferred.

Address—QUARTERS, Care of Daily Press Office.

Hongkong, 27th November, 1902. [3169]

TO LET.

MEIRION No. 2, the Peak, 5 Rooms, House near the Flagstaff, from 15th October, 1902.

Apply to—E. JONES HUGHES, Hongkong, 7th October, 1902. [2673]

TO LET.

GODOWNS No. 538, Des Vexes Road, on Marine Lot No. 181, on a monthly tenancy or till 31st March, 1903. Possession from 1st December next.

KELLET SPUR, MOUNT KELLET, on a monthly tenancy.

LINSEY VILLA, POKFULUM ROAD, 29, MOSQUE STREET, GROUND FLOOR.

Apply to—LINSTEAD & DAVIS, Hongkong, 7th November, 1902. [2972]

TO LET.

BAHAR LODGE, the Peak.

For terms and particulars, apply to—BUMPREY'S ESTATE AND FINANCE CO., LD. Hongkong, 7th October, 1902. [2673]

TO LET.

A COMMODIOUS Six-roomed HOUSE in Conduit Road with Garden and Splendid View of the Harbour.

Apply to—C. F. DE CARVALHO, 14, Arbuthnot Road.

Hongkong, 14th November, 1902. [3029]

TO LET.

NO. 33, LEIGHTON HILL ROAD. Double-fronted House.

Apply to—AHMET RUMJAHN, 62, Queen's Road.

Hongkong, 27th September, 1902. [2575]

TO LET.

HOUSE No. 6, MOSQUE JUNCTION (near Robinson Road), containing Four Rooms, Servants' Quarters, Kitchen and Bath-room.

Apply to—J. D. BARROS, No. 46, Elgin Street.

Hongkong, 26th November, 1902. [3148]

TO LET.

FROM 1st of December next, for a Young Man, a FURNISHED ROOM, No. 3, Seymour Road.

Apply to—W. CARE of Daily Press Office.

Hongkong, 18th November, 1902. [3016]

TO LET.

BOARD AND RESIDENCE. EXCELLENT View of Harbour. Ten Minutes' walk from the Clock Tower.

Apply—"HADDINGTON HOUSE," Kennedy Road (Opposite Union Church).

Hongkong, 18th August, 1902. [2189]

TO LET.

BOARD AND RESIDENCE. MRS. GILLANDERS, "GLENWOOD," 21, CAINE ROAD.

Hongkong, 29th September, 1902. [2515]

TO LET.

BOARD AND RESIDENCE. COMFORTABLY FURNISHED ROOMS, with Board.

Apply to Mrs. MATHER, 2, Padder's Hill.

Hongkong, 1st January, 1903.

BANKS

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK (AMERICAN BANK).

ESTABLISHED 1864.

PAID-UP CAPITAL.....U.S. \$2,000,000 Gold

SURPLUS AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS.....\$1,500,000

HEAD OFFICE—NEW YORK.

LONDON OFFICE—33 & 35, Lombard St., E.C. F. C. BISHOP, Manager, Eastern Department.

HONGKONG OFFICE—4, DES VEXES ROAD. General Banking and Exchange business transacted.

INTEREST allowed at Current Rates. E. F. GROS, Acting Manager.

Hongkong, 1st December, 1902. [3217]

THE NATIONAL BANK OF CHINA LIMITED.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000

PAID-UP CAPITAL.....\$234,377

HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS: CHAN KIT SHAN, Esq. (Chairman), CHOW TUNG SHANG, Esq. (V. L. LAY), Esq. (Chief Manager), 350, W. F. PLATFAIR.

Interest for 12 Months Fixed.....5%.

Hongkong, 19th November, 1902. [30]

HONGKONG SAVING BANK.

THE Business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application.

INTEREST on deposits is allowed at 3 1/2 PER CENT. per annum.

Depositors may transfer at their option balances of \$100 or more to the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANK to be placed on FIXED DEPOSIT at 4 PER CENT. per annum.

For the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION, J. R. M. SMITH, Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 1st May, 1902. [19]

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL.....\$10,000,000

RESERVE FUND.....\$10,000,000

SILVER RESERVE.....\$4,750,000

RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS.....\$10,000,000

COUNT OF DIRECTORS: Hon. R. SHERRATT—Chairman, A. J. RAYMOND, Esq.—Deputy Chairman, G. Balloch, Esq., Hon. C. W. Dickson, Esq., G. Goetz, Esq., G. H. Medhurst, Esq., C. Michelau, Esq., D. Meyer Moses, Esq., H. Schubart, Esq., N. A. Sles, Esq., H. E. Tomkins, Esq.

HONGKONG
BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

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DAILY PRESS "OFFICE."
The only office in China having European
taught workmen. Equal to Home Work

FURNITURE WAREHOUSEMEN

A. CHEE & CO. Established 1859.
Every Household Requisite. Depot for
Baskman's Kiosk Films and Accessories,
17A, Queen's Road Central.

JEWELLERS

MAISON LEVY HERMANOS.
Diamond Merchants and Watchmakers, 41
Watson's Building, Queen's Road. Also
at Shanghai, Manila, Paris and Iloilo

PHOTOGRAPHER

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Bromide and Crayon Enlargements and
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Views of China and Manila. Work
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Road Central.

PRINTING

"DAILY PRESS" OFFICE.
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F. BLACKHEAD & CO.
Navy Contractors, Shipchangers, Sail-
makers, Provision and Coal Merchants,
Praya Central, next Hongkong Hotel.

BISMARCK & CO.
Navy Contractors, Ship Changers,
Provision and Coal Merchants, Sail-
makers, &c. Fresh Water supplied to
Vessels in the Harbour

KWONG SANG & CO.
Shipchangers, Sailmakers, Provisioners,
Coal Merchants, Hardware, Engineer
Tools, Brass and Iron Merchants,
144, Des Vaux Road.

MOORE & SEIMUND.
43 and 45, Des Vaux Road. Shipchangers,
Sailmakers, Riggers, Commission Agents
and General Storekeepers; Sole Agents
for Shipowners' Commission ("Grey-
hound Brand") and Bundells
Spices & Co.'s Composition.

WATCHMAKERS

DROZ & CO.
14, Queen's Road Central. Repairs of
Watches and Clocks by competent
European experts at moderate rates.

LADIES' RECREATION CLUB.

SUBSCRIPTION BALL.

A SUBSCRIPTION BALL in aid of the
funds required for the new full-sized
Croquet Lawn will be held at the CITY
HALL on **TUESDAY, 4th DECEMBER**,
from 8.15 p.m. to 12.30 a.m.

Transferable Tickets, price \$5 each, to be
paid for at the time of application, can be
obtained by any persons by applying to the
undersigned or to any Member of the Com-
mittee of the Ladies' Recreation Club.
There will be a Late Lunch to the Peak and a
Late Lunch to Kowloon.

F. A. GUNDERS.
Hm. Secy. Ball Committee.
Address: "The Club" or Care of
Union Insurance Society, of Canton, Ltd.,
Hongkong, 29th November, 1902. [2982]

**JUST PUBLISHED—2nd (REVISED)
EDITION.**

**THE FRENCH IN TONKIN
AND SOUTH CHINA.** By
ALFRED C. CHAMBERLAIN. Sixty Illustrations
and One Map. Price \$3.

ON SALE AT LOCAL BOOKSELLERS.

PREPUBLISHED.
This volume, placed before the English
reader the best description of the Southern
French colonies in the Far East that has yet
appeared. — "SHANGHAI MERCANTILE."
Many of us in the Far East have read
books on Tonkin, ancient and modern, but a
knowledge of the facts as they are today, of
what has been accomplished under M.
Ducloux's administration is far from common.
The author has written what has not
yet been written, and what he has not
written is a very readable and accurate sketch
of the country as it is at present. Altogether,
this is a book to read. — "HONGKONG TIMES."

**THE BOOK WILL BE FOUND TO BE COMPLETE
GUIDE TO THE HAND EXHIBITION.**

Hongkong, 17th October, 1902. [2776]

NOTICE

**WE, the BAN AN STEAMSHIP
COMPANY LIMITED**, of Victoria,
Hongkong, HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that
in consequence of change of owners, we have
applied to the Board of Trade under section 47
of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894 in respect
of the ship "BAN AN," of Hongkong,
Official Number 95,844, of Gross Tonnage 1,495
tons, Register Tonnage 911 tons, heretofore
owned by The China and Manila Steamship
Company, Limited, for permission to change
her name to "AN PHU" and to have her
registered in the new name at the Port of
Hongkong as owned by the Ban An Steamship
Company, Limited.
Any objection to the proposed change of name
must be sent to the Registrar of Shipping at
Hongkong within 7 days from the appearance
of this advertisement.
Dated at Victoria, Hongkong, the 20th day
of November, 1902. [3111]

ROYAL AERATED WATERS
MANUFACTORY

HAS Opened a Town Depot at 11, House St.
to receive orders for their New and Ex-
cellent High-Class Pure Filtered AERATED
WATERS. Iced Drinks, Tea, Cream, Iced
Milk, Sandwiches, &c., Excellent Cakes—
specially prepared by Europeans—obtainable at
our Depot. It is very convenient for ladies
after a few hours' shopping to call at our
Depot for a few minutes' rest and enjoy a cup
of iced tea or a cold drink.
Open daily from 7 a.m. to 10.30 p.m.
Factory and Office—West Point, Tel. 367.
Depot—11, House Street, Telephone 374.
F. P. DANENBERG, Manager.
Hongkong, 21st October, 1902. [2486]

THE DAIRY FARM COMPANY,
LIMITED.

HAVING Just Received a New Consign-
ment of FRESH AUSTRALIAN
CREAMERY BUTTER, the Company is
now prepared to supply Customers as before.
Prices as usual.
Hongkong, 28th November, 1902. [3183]

HONGKONG STEAM WATER-BEAT
COMPANY, LIMITED.

WE have This Day REMOVED our
Office to the FIRST FLOOR, of
Corner House of POTTINGER STREET and
PRAYA.

J. W. KEW,
Manager.
Hongkong, 28th November, 1902. [3181]

ASK FOR
CORONATION CUP.

A most delightful Beverage just produced by a
well-known Firm in Manchester.

VI-KOLA

A draught of this stimulating, refreshing
brings on quickly a sense of vitality and
buoyancy that makes life worth living.

STONE GINGER BEER.

A Celebrated Beverage filled in Patent Con-
dimental Bottles as to avoid structural contamination
of any kind, which the earthen bottles
could not prevent, being decorated in their
interior surface with a net-work of dirt.
&c., through "sipping" of common
workmen, especially Chinese.

THE ROYALATED WATER
MANUFACTORY OFFICE.

Depot—11, House Street, Telephone 374.
F. P. DANENBERG, Manager.

CHEONG SHING
GENERAL EXPORTERS.

DEALERS IN
JEWELLERY, DIAMONDS, PEARLS,
PRECIOUS STONES, SILKS, IVORY
WARES, EMERALDS, AND
CHINESE CURIOS.

Wholesale and Retail. Prices very moderate.
No. 39, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL
(Opposite Messrs. C. J. CAUPEL & CO.)
Hongkong, 2nd June, 1902. [155]

CARTRIDGES.

NOBEL'S SPORTING BALLISTITE.
Absolutely Smokeless and Water-Resisting
TRY BEST NITRO-POWER IN THE WORLD.
PRICE OF 12-BORE CARTRIDGES—
Loaded with "Wet Powder"
Powder only, and 1 oz. of Shot.
Primrose Cases... \$6.25 \$8.00
Pegmold Cases... 6.85 8.60
Ejector Brass Cases... 7.50 9.25
Apply to—
WM. SCHMIDT & CO.,
Gunmakers,
Hongkong.

Hongkong, 3rd July, 1902. [1589]

AH NAM.

TAILOR, DRAPER AND OUTFITTER.

FROM 1st November the ADDRESS of
the above will be 28 DES VEAUX
ROAD CENTRAL—sixth shop to the left
of Hongkong Hotel.
Hongkong, 1st November, 1902. [2920]

NOW ON SALE.

THE CHRONICLE AND DIRECTORY
FOR
CHINA, JAPAN, COREA, INDO-CHINA,
SIAM, STRAITS SETTLEMENTS,
MALAY STATES, NETHER-
LANDS INDIA, PHILIP-
PINES, BORNEO, &c.,
WITH WHICH ARE INCORPORATED
THE CHINA DIRECTORY
AND HONG LIST FOR THE FAR EAST
FOR
1902.

THE FORTIETH ANNUAL ISSUE.

The **DIRECTORY** covers the whole of the
lands and cities of the Far East, from Nether-
lands India to Siberia, in which Europeans reside.
Not only is the Directory as full and complete
in each case as it can be made, but each Colony,
Port or Settlement is preceded by a **DESCRIP-
TION**, carefully revised each year, most of
which will serve as accurate GUIDES FOR THE
Tourist, giving every detail in connection with
the place, their History, Topography, &c., &c.
The information in these Descriptions, con-
sisting of a hundred interesting articles, packed
with facts concisely set out, and containing
statistics of the Trade of each Country and
Port, would alone suffice to fill a large volume.

The **CHRONICLE AND DIRECTORY**, al-
though printed in small type than formerly
and condensed in every possible manner, can
take every year more pages.
Royal Octavo—Complete with Fourteen Maps
and Plans, pp. 1,574, \$300. Directory only
pp. 1,172, \$5.00.

CARTRIDGES.

**IMPORTED EVERY MONTH, THERE-
FORE ALWAYS FRESH.**

ELEY'S, SCHULTZ'S, ALBERITE.
ELEY'S and KILGUS'S SPORTING
CARTRIDGES and NEWCASTLE
CHILLED SHOT, 10, 12, 16, and 20
BORE. SHOT in all Sizes, Nos. 10 to 8SSG.
AIR GUNS and AMMUNITION in Variety.

WM. SCHMIDT & CO.
Hongkong, 28th November, 1902. [1582]

H. F. CARMICHAEL

CONSULTING ENGINEER.
SURVEYOR AND CONTRACTOR.
QUEEN'S BUILDINGS.

TELEGRAMS: "CARMICHAEL," HONGKONG.
A. B. C. Code, 4th Edition
A. I. Code.
Lieber's Standard Code.
TELEPHONE, 232.
Hongkong, 21st June, 1901. [121]

QUAN WAI & CO.

GRANITE MERCHANT CONTRACTORS.
Dealers in
MARBLE AND GRANITE
MONUMENTS.

No. 1, QUEEN'S ROAD EAST.
Estimates, Designs & Prices on Application
All descriptions of Granite for Export.
Hongkong, 17th October, 1902. [2774]

THE WHITE ELEPHANT.

The white elephant has become a phrase for
an expensive and useless anomaly, says a writer
in the *Times of India*. It appears that even his
name is an anomaly. The white elephant like
the virtue of many people, is far from being
white. He is merely lighter than his brethren:
his skin, instead of being of a blackish grey, is
of a light, or more often of a reddish, grey. A
"dirty brick-colour" is perhaps the best de-
scription. The famous elephant *Sarit*, at the
Jardin des Plantes, who was presented three
years ago by M. Doumer, when Governor-
General of Indo-China, and who attracted so
much attention on the slopes of the Trocadero,
at the great Exposition, is a dark brick colour,
covered with little rosy spots, invisible except
close to. These reddish spots, which are a fre-
quent feature, are due to mere abrasion,
subsequently cicatrized. It was the rosy-
spotted variety of the white elephant which
used to be most prized in Ceylon, where
no white elephants are now found. The
white elephant *Kedok*, lately on exhibition
in America, was captured in Samatra, and
was of a light delicate grey, passing to a light
rose colour at the end of the trunk, and around
the ears, with hints of a beautiful creamy white.
By the way, a frequent, but not invariable, sign
of the white elephant, is the presence of five
instead of four, nails on each of the hind feet.
An invariable characteristic is light-coloured
eyes, generally reddish yellow. A light-coloured
elephant, with actually light-blue eyes, was seen
at Mysore in 1870 by Mr. Sanderson, as recorded
in his *Thirteen Years among the Wild Beasts*
of India. From the time of the first white
elephant who visited Europe in modern times
(according to Pore Armandi, author of *The*
Military History of Elephants, this was the
one exhibited at Amsterdam in 1633) the
Burmese-Siamese qualifying adjective has been
persistently mistranslated. It means no more
than "lightish," and the "light," the "red,"
or the "albino" elephant would be a true
rendering. Much information has lately been
collected about the white elephant by various
writers, among whom may be mentioned Mr.
Young in his *Kingdom of the Yellow Robe*, a
writer with the singular name of Pyizya, who
contributes "The Decadent White Elephant"
to a recent *Asiatic Quarterly Review*, and M.
Henri de Varigny, who has a paragraph on *Le*
Grandeur et la Decadence de l'Elephant blanc.
Through everything runs the idea of modern
degeneracy. The white elephant has quite
latterly fallen upon evil days. His former im-
mortal glory was but fictitious, and hardly
added to his happiness, yet it was intensely
picturesque. The beginning of his decline dates
only some quarter of a century back. The be-
ginning of his renown goes further back than
any human record. Primitive man must early
have been impressed by the elephant as a race,
by the mighty and sagacious quadruped who is
really as tractable as he appears dangerous.
We need merely mention that the elephant
who bore Indra shared his divinity. But the
white elephant, for his special rarity, received
special honour. Together with the white
horse, he was an emblem of the sun itself.
The possession of a white elephant was
among the destined signs of each reincarnation
of Vishnu as universal sovereign. This alone
would suffice to render the animal a special at-
tribute of Asiatic kings, since each would wish
to qualify for the hegemony. How old is the
veneration for the white elephant is shown by
the legend that Buddha existed in the form of one
before he took birth as Gautama. The fame of
the white elephant, and even an occasional
specimen, penetrated to Imperial Rome. He was
considered too rare to be wasted in the great
combats of the Amphitheatres, but was reserved
for special exhibitions. Nearly two thousand
years ago it was a grievance with dramatic poets
that the populace preferred going to the arena
to see the white elephant, to attending their
plays. The alleged mistranslation of the
adjective had already taken place, as is shown
by a line of Horace: "*Sine elephantibus vulgi*
converteret ora." Even the Moslems would
honoured the white elephant. A Mahomed of
Ghazni used to be mounted on a superb white-
animal named "God-given," who, in a battle
with the Turks, performed prodigies of valour,
practically dispersing the enemy with the aid of
500 ordinary elephants.

The white elephant, owing his peculiarities to
being an albino, of course, not a species, but
rather an invalid. "Albinism" is a pathological
state, and white elephants are apt to be more
rickety than others. Thus *Sarit* in Paris, is
indolent health, and requires special protection
against the cold. But there is no reason why
albino elephants should not appear from time to
time in other continents besides Asia. They have
appeared in the Malay Islands and in Africa, and
in Africa at least have always received the same
divine honour as in Asia. But their true home
and the place where their pedigree was longest
maintained is Indo-China. One cannot think

of the white elephant without also thinking of
Siam. Sixteenth century voyagers to the
peninsula, such as Cesar Frederik and Pere
Bruguiere, testify to the orna for white
elephants. A century later, about 1650, the
King of Siam had seven white elephants, while
the more powerful King of Pegu had none, or
fewer. The latter, therefore, gathered an army
of, it is said, 700,000 men, and compelled the
King of Siam to cede to him two of the pre-
cious beasts. This will illustrate another phase,
and perhaps the origin of the well-known
proverb—namely, that a white elephant is an
undesirable possession because of the jealousies
and the anger it excites.

Up to 1855 there was an elephant at Bangkok
rejoicing in the rank of a Royal Prince. Titles
were conferred upon a white elephant by engrav-
ing them upon a piece of sugar-cane, which the
animal forthwith swallowed. The worst thing
that the discoverer of a white elephant could do
was to keep it, for this was a pretension to
sovereignty. On the other hand, if he sent it to
the king, he was sure of manifold reward of
the highest rank in the country, and perhaps
of the hand of one of the king's daughters. A
white elephant was never sold, being too sacred.
We might fill a column or two with accounts of
how on being captured, he was bound with silken
cords and kept for some months in the jungle
in order to be tamed, while royal roads and
barges were prepared to take him to the
capital. The King of Siam always came as
far as Ayutthia to receive him, and he was
welcomed to Bangkok with a song containing
both grotesque and pathetic passages. He was
brought not to be homeless for his lost jungle,
for his parents or his friends; the jungle was a
bad place, where he slept amid mud and mos-
quitoes, where the hunters chased him for his
ivory, where there were wild animals who made
a dreadful howling, where there were dangerous
bad spirits, as also the great bird (the roc?)
who has about, and often a pick-up and
devours the elephants. He was given an
establishment altogether royal, next to the king,
with priests, officers, and dancing girls, and the
revenue of a district to support it. After the first
Burmese War the King of Burma, in order to
pay his indemnity, had to borrow a sum for two
months from the revenues of his white
elephant first humbly asking permission, which
was accorded by silence. When an elephant
died of over-feeding and inaction, the people
shaved their heads in mourning and his body
was buried like that of a king. The King of
Siam sent to Queen Victoria some precious
hairs, plucked with his own hand from the tail
of his elephant, and to Sir John Bowring, a
piece of the "beautiful white skin" of the same
elephant when dead.

All this is now past. The white elephant is
still nominally worshipped in Siam, but his
discoverer is contented with a few rupees. The
King of Siam has, or lately had, five white
elephants, with the rank of Earl, who spend
their lives miserably away and tramping in
some dirty stables. Near them is kept a sickly
albino ape, also worshipped, and supposed to
have a mystical power of treating the elephant's
when ill. The white elephant keeps his place
on the Siamese flag, and in the insignia of the
chief knightly order. But he may soon be
reduced to working for his bread, which is,
after all, but the exercise of life. The
democratic spirit of the age seems to demand
it, and it would be the best thing for him.

COLD STORAGE.

THE HONGKONG ICE COMPANY, LTD.
have a 40,000 Cubic feet of Cold
Storage available at EAST POINT. Storage
will be Open at 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. daily, Sundays
excepted, to receive and deliver perishable goods.
WM. PARLANE, Manager.
Hongkong, 18th November, 1901.

NOW ON SALE.

IMPERIAL SQUARE
ENGLISH AND CHINESE
DICTIONARY.WITH THE PUNY AND MANDARIN
PRONUNCIATION.

For comprehensiveness and practical service
this work stands unrivalled. All the new words
which the Chinese have of late years been com-
pelled to coin to express the numerous objects of
machinery, photography, telegraphy, and in
science generally, which the rapid advance of
foreign relations has imposed upon them, are
here given in Chinese. Each and every word is
fully illustrated and explained, forming exercises
for students of a most instructive nature. Both
the Court and Pinyin pronunciations are given,
the accents being carefully marked on the best
principles hitherto attained. The typography
displays the success of an attempt to make the
Chinese and English type correspond in the size
of body, thereby effecting a vast economy of
space, and a pleasant and not previously
attained, and disposing with those red margins
and vacant spaces which have heretofore charac-
terized Chinese publications.

To illustrate the vast scope of the work the
following facts are submitted for consideration:—
Chalmers' Vocabulary contains about 16,000
Chinese characters, and Medhurst's English and
Chinese Dictionary about 100,000 whilst this
work contains more than 50,000 English words,
and upwards of 600,000 Chinese characters
and words, all the grammars and other
elementary works as yet published, the student
of this difficult language absolutely requires ex-
amples to display the various applications and
equivalents of different words which have one
general meaning. Of these examples this work
contains more than five times as many as any
other Dictionary hitherto published.

For practical purposes the arrangement of the
work is so complete that a reference to its pages
enables a person who understands English to
communicate effectively with natives who under-
stand nothing but Chinese. In this respect the
work will be found indispensable to all Europeans
residing in China, and to the natives themselves
it explains subjects fully with which very few
indeed of them are perfectly acquainted. To
parties resident in England and interested in
China, it cannot but be invaluable occasionally.
It comprises upwards of two thousand large
quarto pages.

1 VOL. IMPERIAL SQUARE, Price \$20.
A Large REDUCTION IN PRICE is made to
Purchasers of SIX or more Copies.
HONGKONG:
"DAILY PRESS" OFFICE, 14, Des Vaux
Road Central.

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sovereignty. On the other hand, if he sent it to
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the highest rank in the country, and perhaps
of the hand of one of the king's daughters. A
white elephant was never sold, being too sacred.
We might fill a column or two with accounts of
how on being captured, he was bound with silken
cords and kept for some months in the jungle
in order to be tamed, while royal roads and
barges were prepared to take him to the
capital. The King of Siam always came as
far as Ayutthia to receive him, and he was
welcomed to Bangkok with a song containing
both grotesque and pathetic passages. He was
brought not to be homeless for his lost jungle,
for his parents or his friends; the jungle was a
bad place, where he slept amid mud and mos-
quitoes, where the hunters chased him for his
ivory, where there were wild animals who made
a dreadful howling, where there were dangerous
bad spirits, as also the great bird (the roc?)
who has about, and often a pick-up and
devours the elephants. He was given an
establishment altogether royal, next to the king,
with priests, officers, and dancing girls, and the
revenue of a district to support it. After the first
Burmese War the King of Burma, in order to
pay his indemnity, had to borrow a sum for two
months from the revenues of his white
elephant first humbly asking permission, which
was accorded by silence. When an elephant
died of over-feeding and inaction, the people
shaved their heads in mourning and his body
was buried like that of a king. The King of
Siam sent to Queen Victoria some precious
hairs, plucked with his own hand from the tail
of his elephant, and to Sir John Bowring, a
piece of the "beautiful white skin" of the same
elephant when dead.

All this is now past. The white elephant is
still nominally worshipped in Siam, but his
discoverer is contented with a few rupees. The
King of Siam has, or lately had, five white
elephants, with the rank of Earl, who spend
their lives miserably away and tramping in
some dirty stables. Near them is kept a sickly
albino ape, also worshipped, and supposed to
have a mystical power of treating the elephant's
when ill. The white elephant keeps his place
on the Siamese flag, and in the insignia of the
chief knightly order. But he may soon be
reduced to working for his bread, which is,
after all, but the exercise of life. The
democratic spirit of the age seems to demand
it, and it would be the best thing for him.

Up to 1855 there was an elephant at Bangkok
rejoicing in the rank of a Royal Prince. Titles
were conferred upon a white elephant by engrav-
ing them upon a piece of sugar-cane, which the
animal forthwith swallowed. The worst thing
that the discoverer of a white elephant could do
was to keep it, for this was a pretension to
sovereignty. On the other hand, if he sent it to
the king, he was sure of manifold reward of
the highest rank in the country, and perhaps
of the hand of one of the king's daughters. A
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it, and it would be the best thing for him.

COLD STORAGE.

THE HONGKONG ICE COMPANY, LTD.
have a 40,000 Cubic feet of Cold
Storage available at EAST POINT. Storage
will be Open at 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. daily, Sundays
excepted, to receive and deliver perishable goods.
WM. PARLANE, Manager.
Hongkong, 18th November, 1901.

NOW ON SALE.

IMPERIAL SQUARE
ENGLISH AND CHINESE
DICTIONARY.WITH THE PUNY AND MANDARIN
PRONUNCIATION.

For comprehensiveness and practical service
this work stands unrivalled. All the new words
which the Chinese have of late years been com-
pelled to coin to express the numerous objects of
machinery, photography, telegraphy, and in
science generally, which the rapid advance of
foreign relations has imposed upon them, are
here given in Chinese. Each and every word is
fully illustrated and explained, forming exercises
for students of a most instructive nature. Both
the Court and Pinyin pronunciations are given,
the accents being carefully marked on the best
principles hitherto attained. The typography
displays the success of an attempt to make the
Chinese and English type correspond in the size
of body, thereby effecting a vast economy of
space, and a pleasant and not previously
attained, and disposing with those red margins
and vacant spaces which have heretofore charac-
terized Chinese publications.

To illustrate the vast scope of the work the
following facts are submitted for consideration:—
Chalmers' Vocabulary contains about 16,000
Chinese characters, and Medhurst's English and
Chinese Dictionary about 100,000 whilst this
work contains more than 50,000 English words,
and upwards of 600,000 Chinese characters
and words, all the grammars and other
elementary works as yet published, the student
of this difficult language absolutely requires ex-
amples to display the various applications and
equivalents of different words which have one
general meaning. Of these examples this work
contains more than five times as many as any
other Dictionary hitherto published.

For practical purposes the arrangement of the
work is so complete that a reference to its pages
enables a person who understands English to
communicate effectively with natives who under-
stand nothing but Chinese. In this respect the
work will be found indispensable to all Europeans
residing in China, and to the natives themselves
it explains subjects fully with which very few
indeed of them are perfectly acquainted. To
parties resident in England and interested in
China, it cannot but be invaluable occasionally.
It comprises upwards of two thousand large
quarto pages.

1 VOL. IMPERIAL SQUARE, Price \$20.
A Large REDUCTION IN PRICE is made to
Purchasers of SIX or more Copies.
HONGKONG:
"DAILY PRESS" OFFICE, 14, Des Vaux
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MAY NOW BE SEEN IN OUR

DRESSMAKING DEPARTMENT.

EVENING GOWNS.

BALL AND WEDDING DRESSES.

WALKING AND AFTERNOON

OCEAN STEAM SHIP COMPANY, LTD.

FROM	STEAMERS	DATE
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"PELEUS"	On 1st December.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"TYDEUS"	On 15th December.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"TELEMACHUS"	On 31st December.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"PROMETHEUS"	On 8th January.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
AMSTERDAM and LONDON	"TANTALUS"	On 9th December.
LIVERPOOL Direct	"ALCINOUS"	On 20th December.
(Taking Cargo at London-Rates)	"ULYSSES"	On 23rd December.
AMSTERDAM and LONDON	"PELEUS"	On 6th January.
LONDON	"TYDEUS"	On 20th January.
LIVERPOOL	"TELEMACHUS"	On 20th January.

The S.S. "PELEUS" left Singapore on the 26th inst., and is expected here on the 1st Dec. For Freight, apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, AGENTS. Hongkong, 27th November, 1902. 11

CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

FROM	STEAMERS	DATE
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"MOYUNE"	On 30th November.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"OUPACK"	On 10th December.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"NINGHOW"	On 25th December.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
MARSEILLES, HAVRE, LON-	"TEENKAI"	On 20th December.
DON and ANTWERP		

TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE. The S.S. "MOYUNE" left Singapore on the 25th inst., and is expected here on the 30th inst.

For Freight, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, AGENTS. Hongkong, 27th November, 1902. 12

CHINA NAVIGATION CO. LIMITED.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
SHANGHAI	"TIENSIN"	On 1st December.
SHANGHAI	"FOOCHOW"	On 2nd December.
Kobe and YOKOHAMA	"CHINGTU"	On 4th December.

THURSDAY ISLAND, COOKTOWN, CAIRNS, TOWNSVILLE, BRISBANE, SYDNEY and MELBOURNE. The S.S. "CHANGSHA" from Japan, left for this port on the 26th inst., p.m., and is expected here on the 1st Dec.

The attention of Passengers is directed to the superior accommodation offered by these steamers, which are fitted throughout with Electric Light. A duly qualified Surgeon is carried.

Taking Cargo on through bills of lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports.

Taking Cargo and Passengers at through rates for all New Zealand Ports and other Australian Ports.

See Special Advertisement. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, AGENTS. Hongkong, 28th November, 1902. 12

OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG—SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

TAMUL VIA SWATOW	"DAIJI MARU"	SUNDAY, 7th
FOOCHOW, VIA SWATOW	"ANPING MARU"	WEDNESDAY, 3rd
AND AMOY	I. Goro	December.

The Co.'s new Steamers are specially designed for the coast trade of South China and Formosa, and are fitted with all modern improvements. Excellent accommodation is provided for first-class passengers, and a duly qualified doctor is carried.

All steamers carry the Imperial Japanese Mail, subject to periodical inspection by the Government Marine Surveyors, and are registered the highest class at Lloyd's.

Steamers will go alongside the Co's Pontoon at the Customs water-front premises at Tsimshui to land all passengers and cargo.

By the Co's steamers for Shanghai, through Bills of Lading are issued for Cargo to Yangtze River Ports, as well as for North China Ports, in connection with the Nippon Yusen Kaisha's steamers from Shanghai.

For Freight, Passage, and further information, apply to Company's local Branch Office at No. 2, Des Vaux Road Central.

Hongkong, 25th November, 1902. T. ARIMA, Manager. 115

HONGKONG-MANILA.

Highest Class, newest, fastest and most luxurious Steamers between Hongkong and Manila. Saloon amidships. Electric Light. Perfect Cuisine. Surgeon carried. All the most up-to-date arrangements for comfort of Passengers.

CHINA AND MANILA STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

STEAMSHIP	TONS	CAPTAIN	FOR	SAILING DATE
DIAMANTE	1890	A. H. Nately	Manila via A.O.	1st Dec. at 4 P.M.
BUBI	2540	W. Lawson	Manila Direct.	3rd Dec. at Noon.
ZAFIRO	2540	R. Badger	do.	10th Dec. at Noon.
PERLA	1890	J. McHarty		

For Freight or Passage, apply to SHEWAN, TOMES & CO., GENERAL MANAGERS. Hongkong, 1st December, 1902. 1281

PORTLAND & ASIATIC STEAMSHIP CO.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG TO MOJI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA FOR OPERATING IN CONNECTION WITH THE OREGON RAILROAD & NAVIGATION CO.

STEAMSHIP	TONS	CAPTAIN	TO SAIL ON
INDRAPURA	4,899	A. E. Hollingsworth	December 1, 1902
INDRASAMHA	5,197	R. P. Craven	December 14, 1902
INDRABELLI	4,899	W. C. Craven	January 14, 1903

Through Bills of Lading issued to Pacific Coast Points and all Eastern, Canadian and United States Ports. For through rates of Freight and further information, communicate with or apply to

ALLAN CAMERON, GENERAL AGENT. Hongkong, 26th November, 1902. 14

R. W. NART PERE & FILS, REIMS

Established 1719. CHAMPAGNE GROWERS AND SHIPPERS.

Ship only the finest quality Extra Dry (Green Seal) LAUTS, WEGENER & CO., Sole Agents. Hongkong, 17th May, 1895. 14

OREGON LUMBER.

THE Undersigned, being closely connected with the leading MILLS at PORTLAND and PUGET SOUND, are always prepared to book orders for any specifications at LOWEST RATES. SIEMSEN & CO. Hongkong, 14th February, 1901. 166

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Established 1719. CHAMPAGNE GROWERS AND SHIPPERS.

VESSELS ON THE FERTH



TOYO KISEN KAISHA. (ORIENTAL S.S. CO.)

REGULAR SERVICE BETWEEN HONGKONG AND MANILA IN 48 HOURS.

THE Company's well-known Steamship

"ROSETTA MARU". 3,876 Tons, Captain N. Tate, will be despatched for MANILA TO-MORROW, the 2nd December, at Noon.

To be followed by "ROHILLA MARU," on or about the 8th December.

Magnificent Accommodation. Comfortable Cabins. Excellent Table. Unrivalled Speed. Electric Light. Doctor and Stewardess carried.

For Freight or Passage, apply to THE MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA, Agents.

Princes Buildings, Lee House Street. Hongkong, 24th November, 1902. 116

REGULAR STEAMSHIP SERVICE TO NEW YORK.

VIA PORTS AND SUEZ CANAL (WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT PHILIPPINE PORTS).

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

"BORDER KNIGHT" About 24th Nov.

"ORONO" 10th Dec.

"GROVDON" 20th Dec.

"MOGUL" 3rd Jan.

"HINDUSTAN" 15th Jan.

"MACDUFF" To follow.

"SHIMOSA" To follow.

For Freight and further information, apply to DODWELL & CO., LD., Agents.

Hongkong, 22nd November, 1902. 711

THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAM FOR STRAITS, CEYLON, AUSTRALIA, INDIA, ADEEN, EGYPT, MEDITERRANEAN PORTS, PLYMOUTH AND LONDON.

THROUGH BILLS OF LADING ISSUED FOR BATAVIA, PERMAN GULF, CONTINENTAL, AMERICAN AND SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

THE Steamship

"PARAMATTA". Captain F. J. Fox, carrying His Majesty's Mail, will be despatched from this port for Bombay, on SATURDAY, the 6th December, at Noon, taking passengers and cargo for the above ports.

Silk and Valuables, all cargo for France, and Tea for London (under arrangement) will be transhipped at Colombo into a steamer proceeding direct to Marseilles and London; other cargo for London, &c., will be conveyed via Bombay with transshipment.

Passes will be received at this Office until 4 p.m. the day before sailing. The contents and value of all packages are required.

Shippers are particularly requested to note the terms and conditions of the Company's bills of lading.

For further particulars, apply to E. A. HEWETT, Superintendent. Hongkong, 24th November, 1902. 1

EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE. (Calling at MANILA, TIMOR, PORT DARWIN, and QUEENSLAND PORTS, and taking through Cargo to ADELAIDE, NEW ZEALAND, TASMANIA, &c.)

THE Steamship

"EMPIRE". Captain McArthur, will be despatched as above on THURSDAY, the 11th December, at Noon.

This New Steamer is specially fitted for Passengers, and has a Refrigerating Chamber, which ensures the supply of Fresh Provisions, Ice, &c., throughout the voyage.

The Steamer is installed throughout with the Electric Light.

A Stewardess and a duly qualified Surgeon are carried.

N.B.—To assure the additional comfort of passengers the steamers of the Company have electric light fitted in staterooms.

For Freight or Passage, apply to GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, 22nd November, 1902. 1314

THE RUSSIAN EAST ASIATIC COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SHANGHAI, PORT ARTHUR AND VLADIVOSTOK.

THE Russian Steamer

"KOREA". Captain Pernitz, will be ready to load here on or about the 15th December, for the above ports, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight or Passage, apply to MELCHERS & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, 27th November, 1902. 1314

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAM FOR FIUME AND TRIESTE (DIRECT). Calling at SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, KARACHI, ADEN, SUEZ, and PORT SAID.

(Taking Cargo at through rates to the BRAZIL, SOUTH AFRICA, PERSIAN GULF, RED SEA, BLACK SEA, LEVANT, VENICE and ADRIATIC PORTS.)

THE Company's Steamship

"VINDOBONA". Captain Cebal, will be despatched as above on THURSDAY, the 18th December, at Noon.

This Steamer has Capital Accommodation for Passengers, Electric Light, and carries a Doctor.

For information as to Passage and Freight, apply to SANDER, WIELER & CO., Agents.

Princes Buildings. Hongkong, 29th November, 1902. 1309

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG AND CALCUTTA.

THE Company's Steamship

"LAISANG". Captain Tadd, will be despatched as above on THURSDAY, the 4th December, at Noon.

For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., General Managers.

Hongkong, 28th November, 1902. 1319

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

FROM CALCUTTA, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

THE Company's Steamship

"LAISANG". Captain A. W. Carter, Japan, having arrived from the above ports. Consignees of Cargo by her are hereby informed that their Goods will be delivered from alongside.

Cargo impeding the discharge or remaining on board after 4 p.m. the 25th inst., will be landed at Consignees' risk and expense into Godowns at EAST POINT.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., General Managers.

Hongkong, 25th November, 1902. 1361

IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINE. NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD. HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship

"BAYERN".

OF THE NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

having arrived from the above ports. Consignees of Cargo by her are hereby informed that their Goods will be delivered from alongside.

Cargo impeding the discharge or remaining on board after 4 p.m. the 25th inst., will be landed at Consignees' risk and expense into Godowns at EAST POINT.

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